

CORRIGENDA

Job aid: use of AFP contact sampling and targeted healthy children stool sampling

WHO/Polio/19.07

Page 1, lines 18–19

Delete: AFP contact sampling is used to confirm the laboratory diagnosis of poliovirus in an AFP case.

Insert: AFP contact sampling is used to provide laboratory evidence of poliovirus in an AFP case.

Page 1, line 38

Delete: All AFP cases in an outbreak-affected country, to improve laboratory confirmation

Insert: All AFP cases in an outbreak-affected country, to improve the detection of all viruses

Page 2, lines 17–20

Delete: Positive laboratory results from individuals in contact with positive poliovirus cases cannot be used to confirm community-wide transmission of the virus. Individuals in contact with positive poliovirus cases have a higher likelihood of asymptomatic infection and virus excretion than individuals who have had no contact.

Page 3, lines 2–3

Delete: Community contact sampling, community stool sampling, and community sampling

Insert: Healthy children sampling, community stool sampling, and community sampling

Page 3, lines 14–15:

Delete: Targeted health children stool sampling is conducted once a positive poliovirus case is detected to determine if there is community-wide transmission of poliovirus.

Insert: Targeted health children stool sampling is conducted to determine if there is community-wide transmission of poliovirus.

Page 4, lines 23–24:

Delete: IMPORTANT: Positive test results from targeted healthy children stool sampling cannot be used for laboratory confirmation of an AFP case (see AFP contact sampling).

Insert: IMPORTANT: Positive test results from targeted healthy children stool sampling cannot be used as laboratory evidence of poliovirus in an AFP case (see AFP contact sampling).

These corrections have been incorporated into the electronic file.