

Nigeria PEI Status, 2015 National Emergency Action Plan and Sustaining Progress

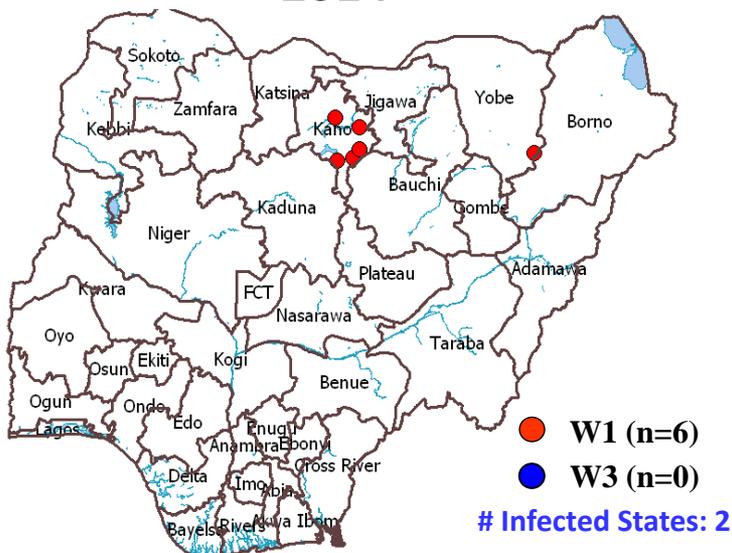


IMB Meeting
29th – 30th April 2015
National Polio Emergency Operations Centre

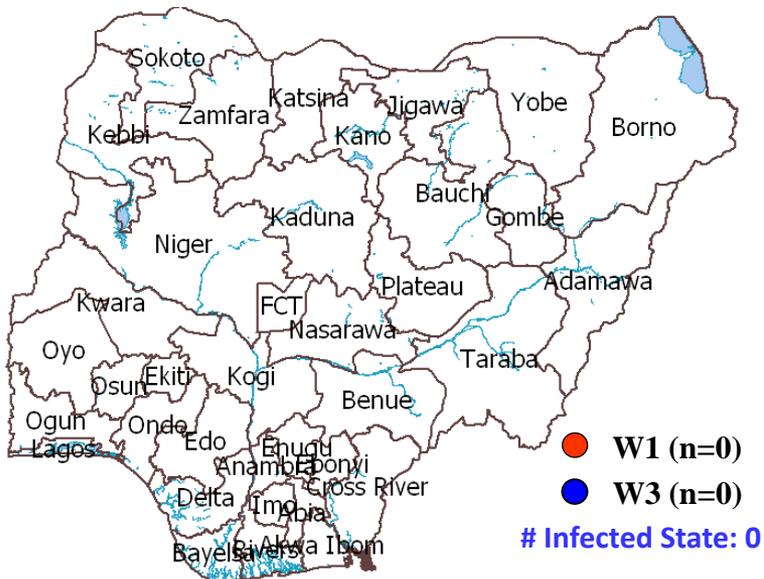
Current Polioviruses situation / Epidemiology

Current polioviruses situation in Nigeria

2014



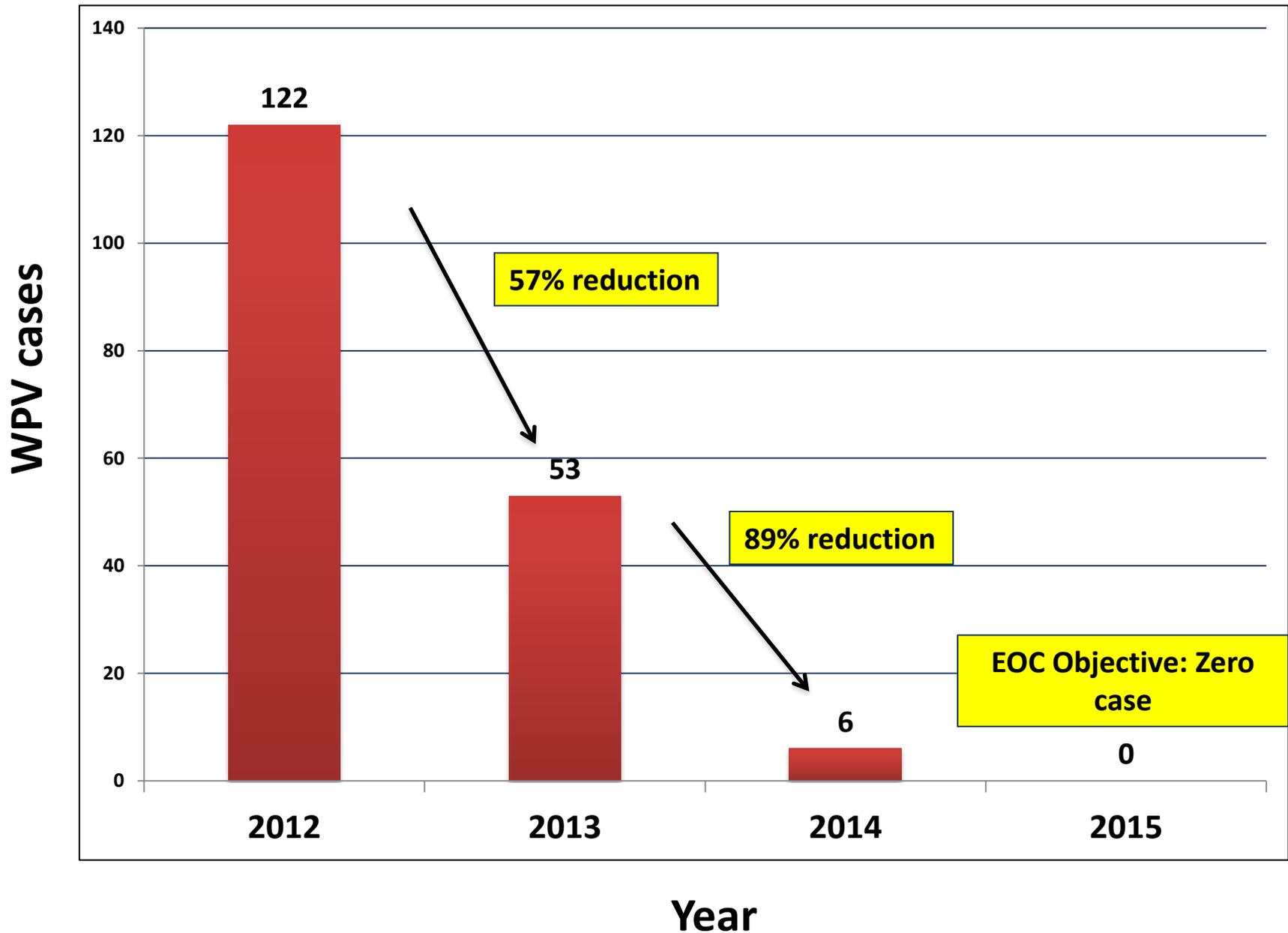
2015



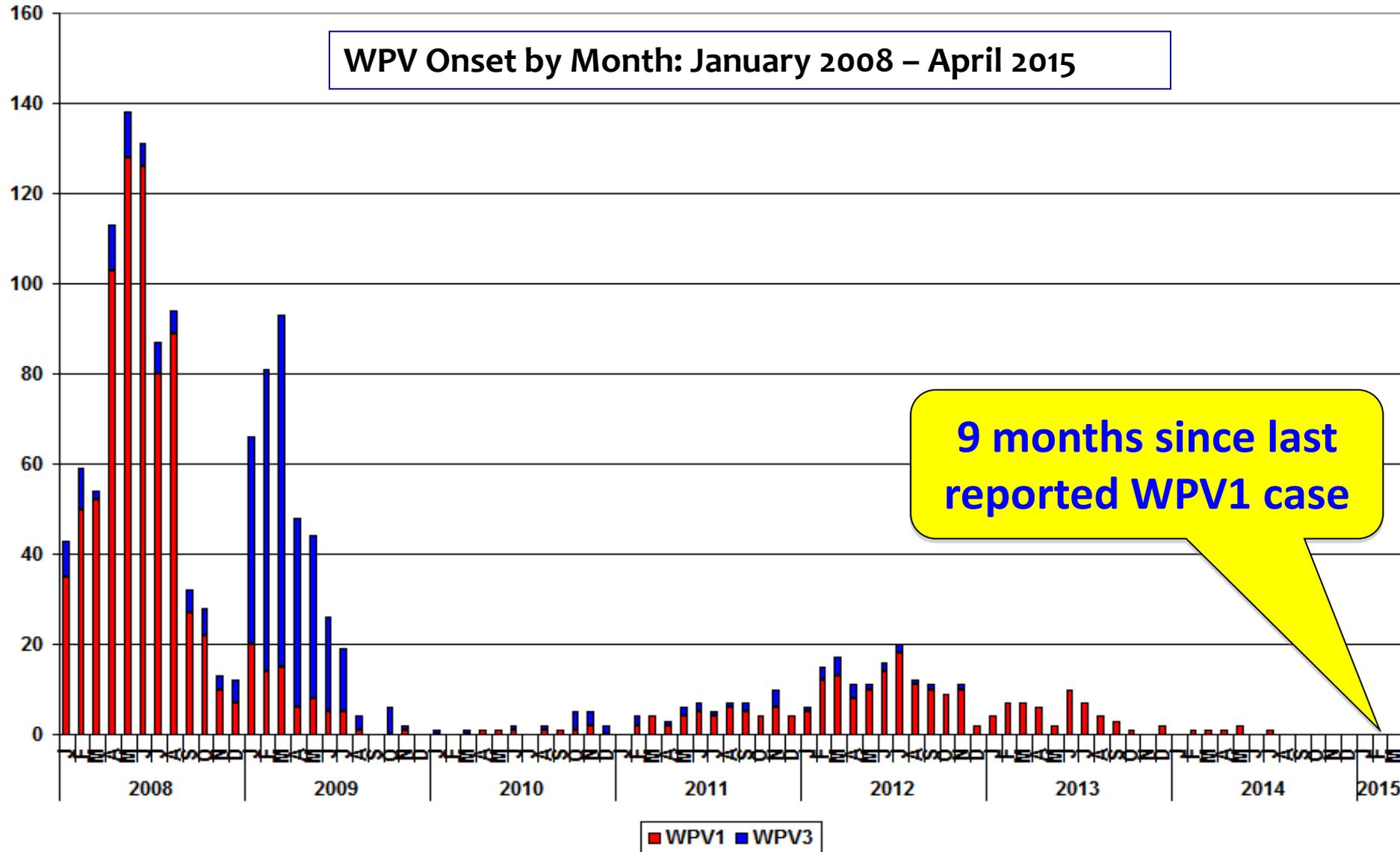
As at April 29, 2015 Nigeria has:

- No confirmed WPV for 2015 compared to 1 case for the same period in 2014
 - Date of onset of latest WPV1 case is 24 July, 2014 (9 months ago)
 - There has been no confirmed WPV3 since November 2012 (30 months ago).
- No confirmed cVDPV in 2015 compared to 5 cases in 3 States for the same period in 2014.
 - Date of onset of latest cVDPV2 case is 16th November 2014 (5 months ago)
- 1 new environmental cVDPV2 in 2015 compared to 19 cases in 3 states for the same period in 2014.

Trend of total WPV cases in Nigeria by year, 2012- 2015

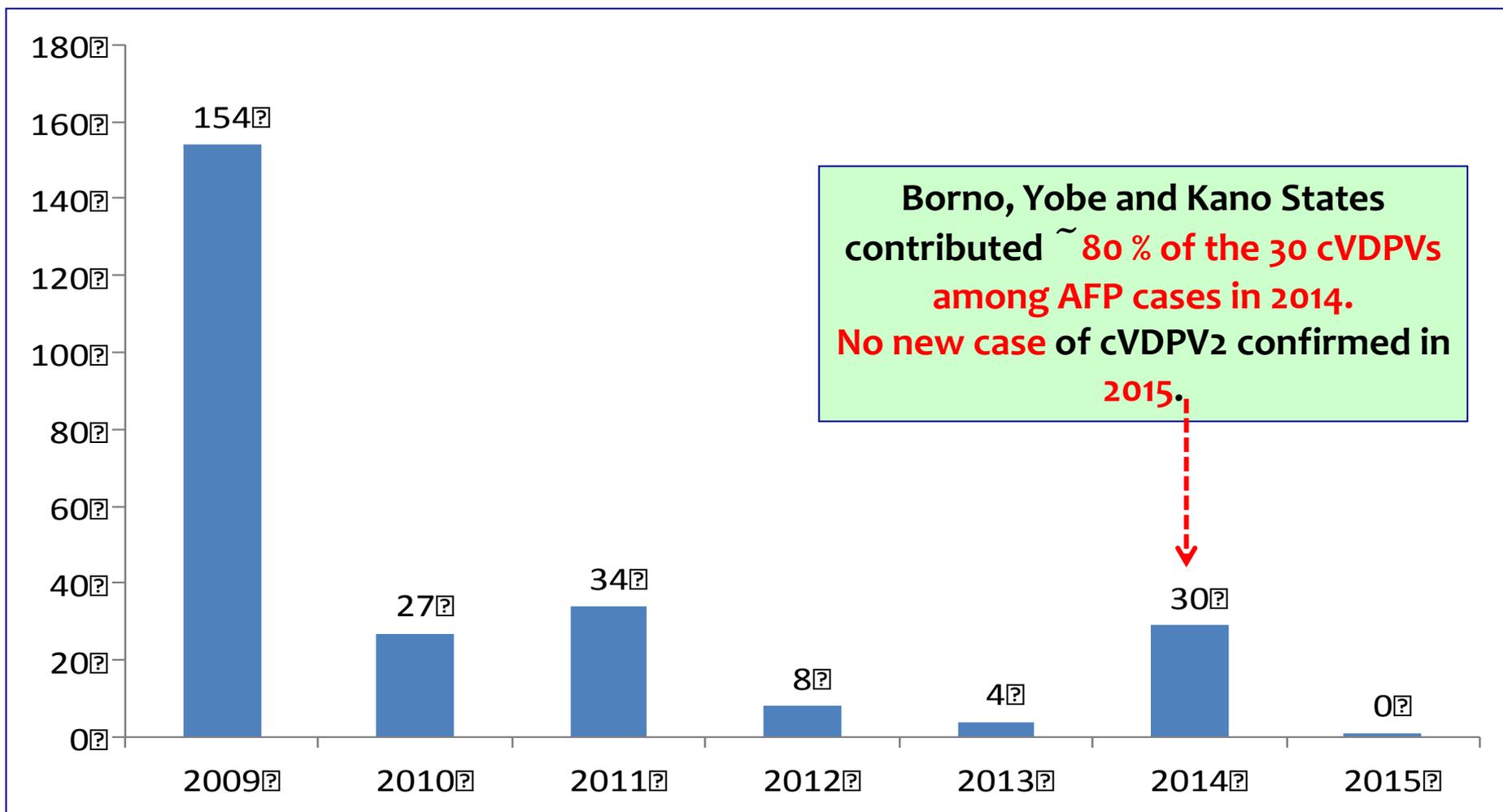


Trend of Wild Poliovirus (WPV) by months 2008 - 2015 as at week 15, 2015



cVDPV Epidemiology

Trend of cVDPV2 from AFP Cases in Nigeria, 2009 - 2015



As at week 15, 2015 Environmental surveillance detected 1 cVDPV in Zaria LGA, Kaduna state

Epidemiology Summary

- No new case of WPV 1 has been reported in the last **9 months**. Last confirmed case was on 24th July 2014
- Geographic restriction of WPV1: **83%** reduction with 5 infected LGAs in 2014 compared to 30 LGAs in 2013 for the same period
- No WPV 3 in the past **30 months**
- **30** cases of cVDPV2 from AFP cases in 5 states in 2014 and **no new case** of cVDPV2 from AFP in 2015
- **54** environmental cVDPV2 in 2014 from 7 states and **1 new** environmental cVDPV2 in 1 state in 2015
- WPV genetic clusters have reduced from 8 in 2012 to 1 in 2015 (an **87%** reduction)

Geographical Areas of Focus (Historical Sanctuaries) and Actions being taken

Remaining challenges in the IMB polio “sanctuaries”

1. Borno – Yobe sanctuary

- Insecurity and inaccessibility
- Internally displaced persons (IDPs)

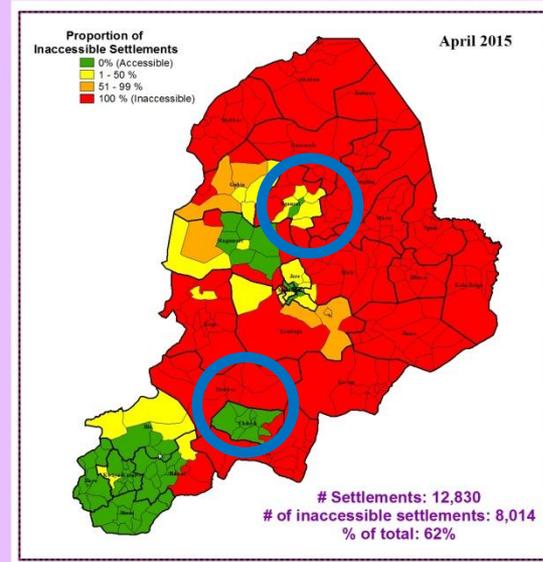
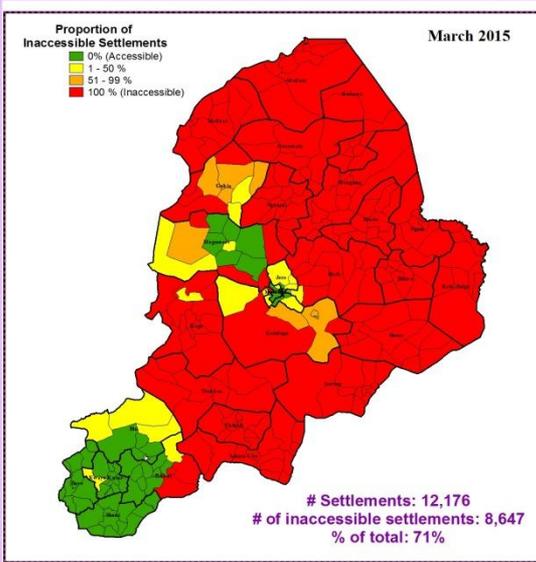
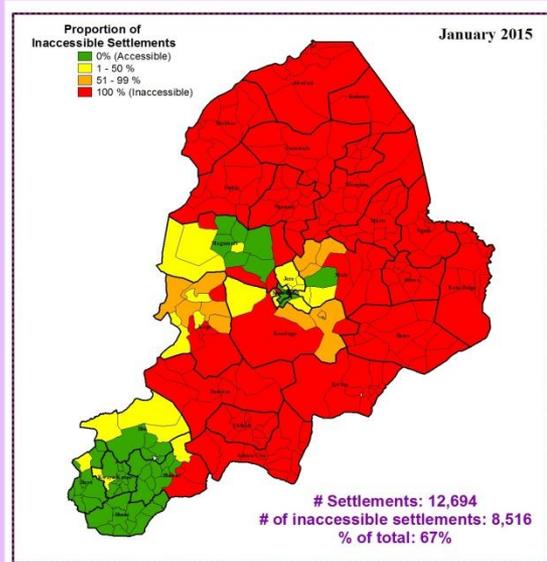
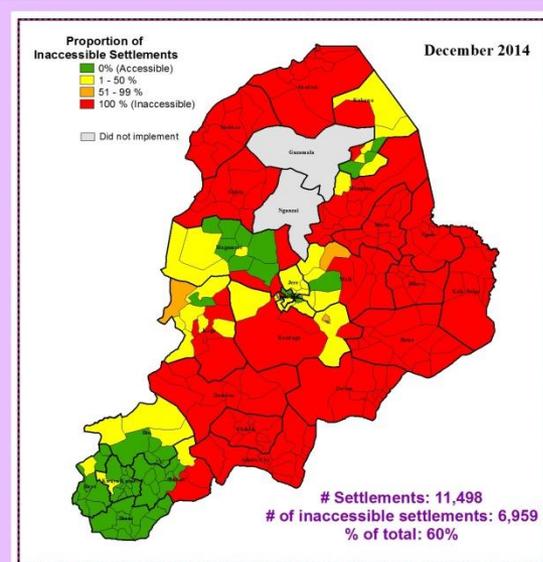
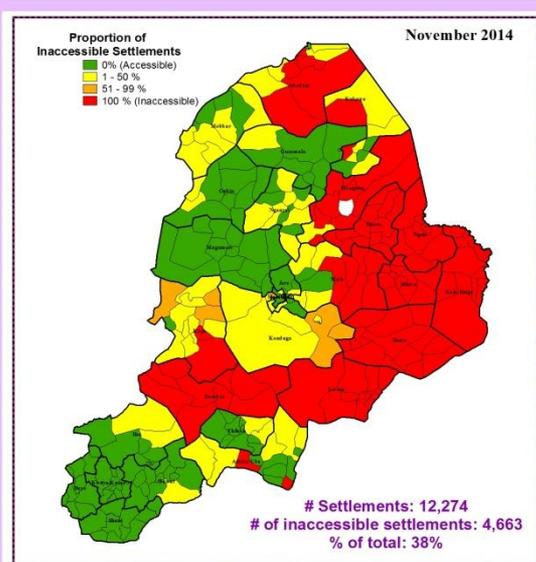
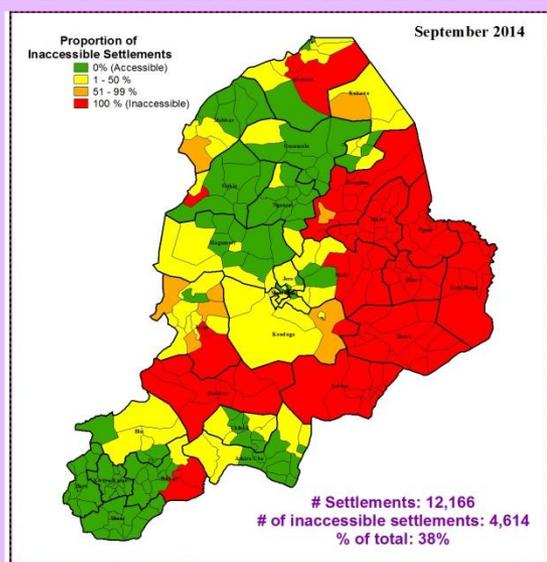
2. Kano – Kaduna – Katsina Sanctuary

- Continued cVDPV transmission

3. Sokoto sanctuary

- Ambiguous VDPV isolation from environment

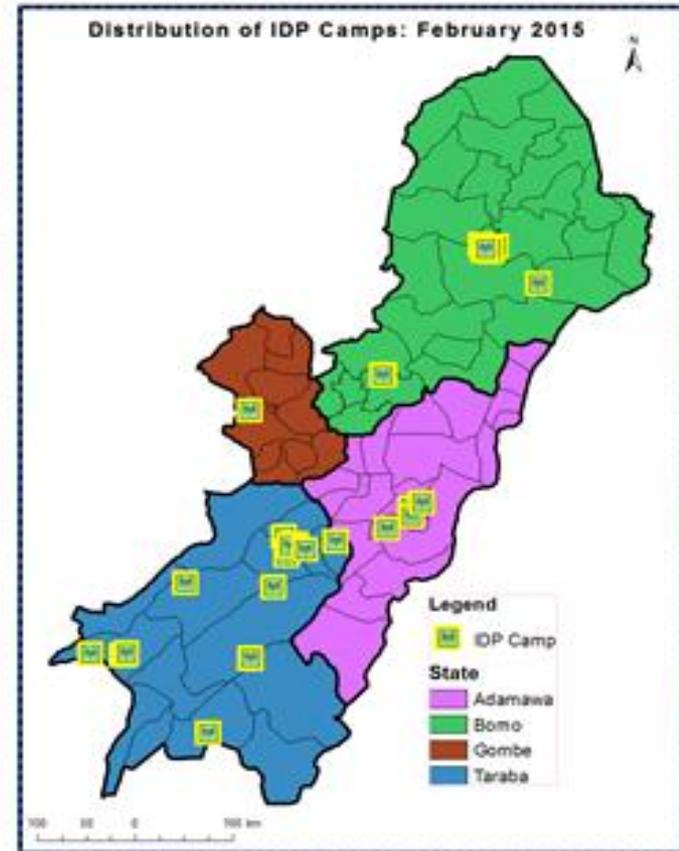
Inaccessible settlements in Borno State during polio SIAs September 2014 – April 2015: Accessibility improved in April compared to March & January



Vaccinating Children in Internally Displaced Persons (IDP) Camps in North East Nigeria, Week 1-17 ,2015

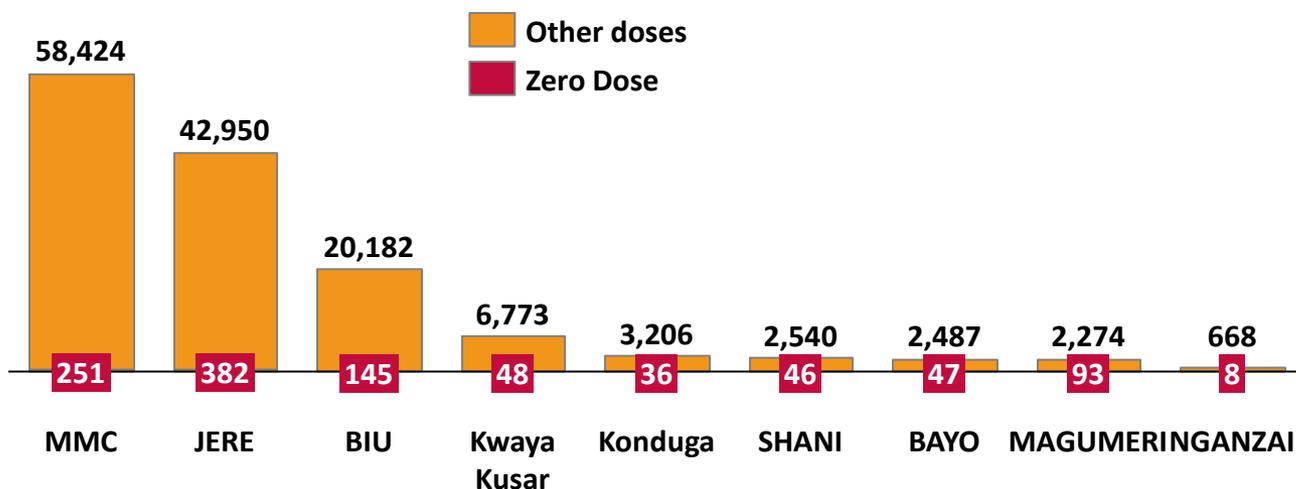
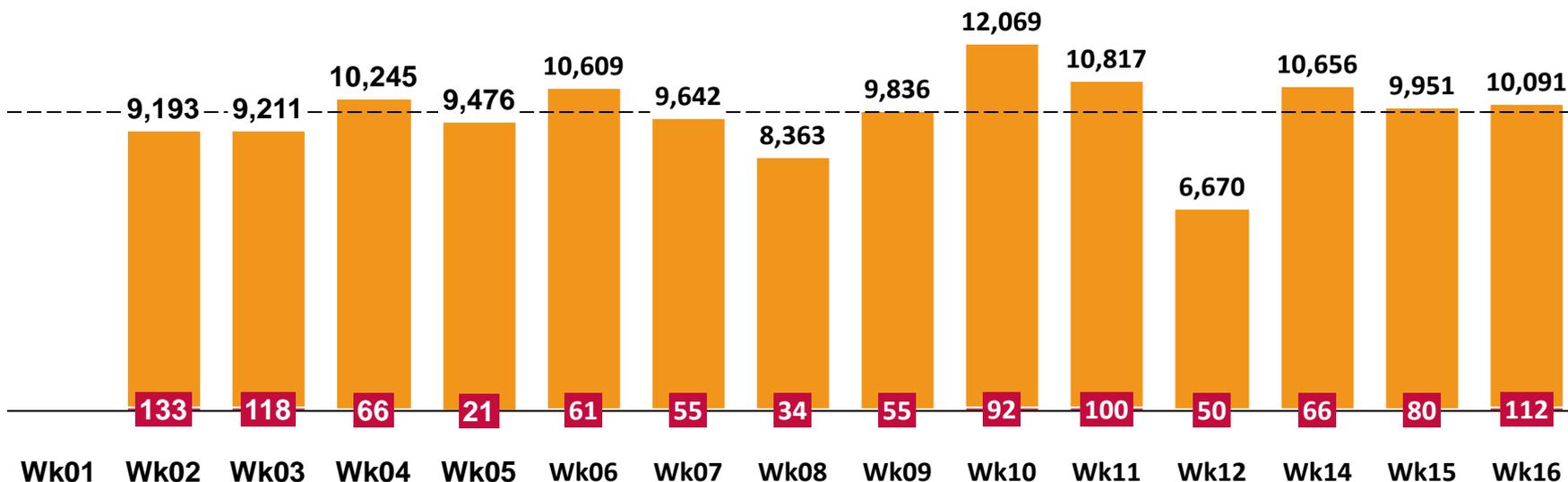
3 AFP cases reported from IDP camps.

State	LGAs	IDPs	<5 Vaccinated	Zero Dose
Adamawa	4	8	30,353	105
Borno	2	28	105,302	1,783
GOMBE	1	1	278	31
Taraba	6	19	6,129	247
Total	13	56	142,062	2,166



142,062 children vaccinated in 13 LGAs with 2,166 (1.5%) children were zero dose.

Vaccinating children outside IDP camps: Implementation of Market Vaccinations in Borno State, Week 1 – 16, 2015

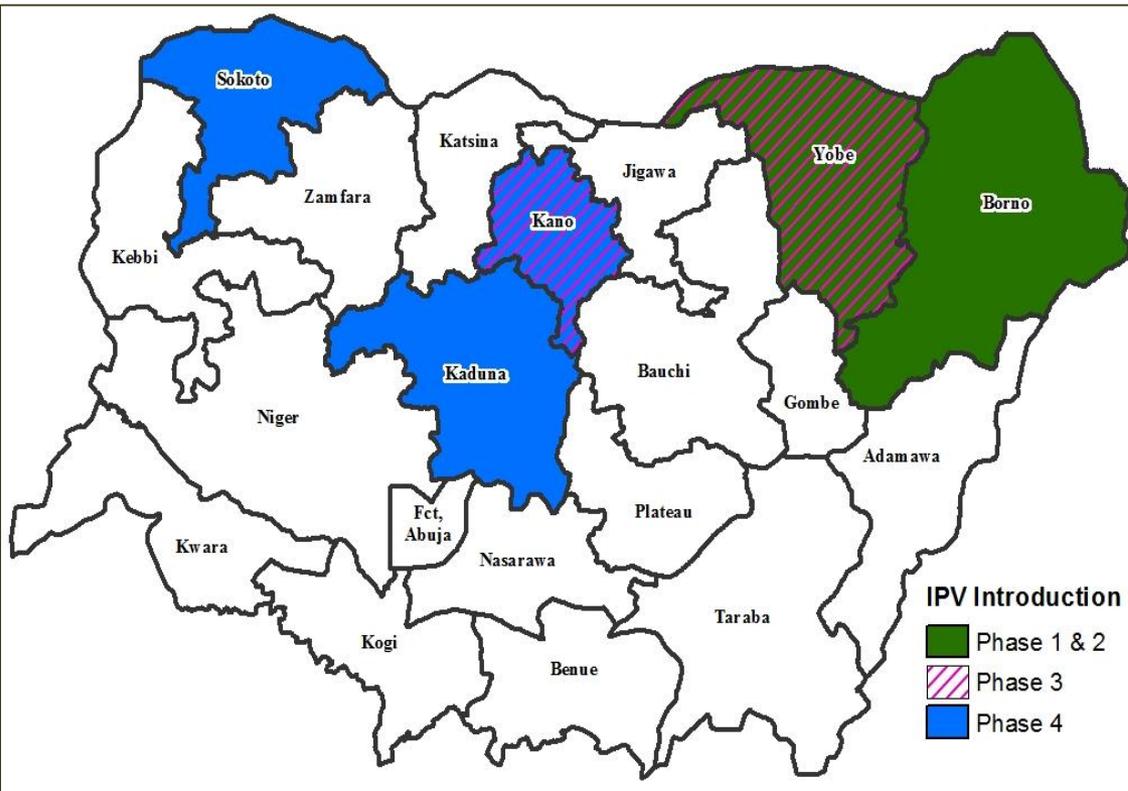


07% of doses administered to zero dose children.

VDPVs isolation and responses in Kano – Kaduna – Katsina & Sokoto sanctuaries

- Isolation from the environment of cVDPV and aVDPV in 2015. Latest cVDPV in Kaduna in March 2015.
- Conducted IPV+ tOPV campaign in metro-Kano in December 2014
- Conducted additional tOPV round in Sokoto in December 2014
- Conducted a tOPV NID round in March 2015
- Conduct IPV + tOPV to targeted LGAs in Kaduna and Sokoto in April 2015 IPDs to quickly boost type 2 immunity

Accelerated IPV Introduction in campaign mode in the 3 Sanctuaries: Borno – Yobe; Kano – Kaduna ; & Sokoto, 2014 -15



Achievements in 2014:
Total of **3,019,454 IPV doses** administered in Borno, Yobe and selected LGAs in Kano

2015

- Continue IPV use in **IDP camps and selected cVDPV outbreak response**
- **In April 2015 targeted use of IPV in Sokoto and Kaduna due to cVDPV isolation in the environment**

IPV introduced in Routine Immunization schedule in 2015



- **As part of Polio end game strategy and accelerating WPV & cVDPVs interruption:**
 - Nigeria introduced IPV in the routine immunization schedule
 - Commenced on 20th Feb 2015 with prioritization in polio endemic states of northern Nigeria
 - Administered at 14 weeks and those infants above 14 weeks

**Creating Demand for
Immunization and Building Trust
with Communities**

Strong network for household & community engagement during & in between campaigns

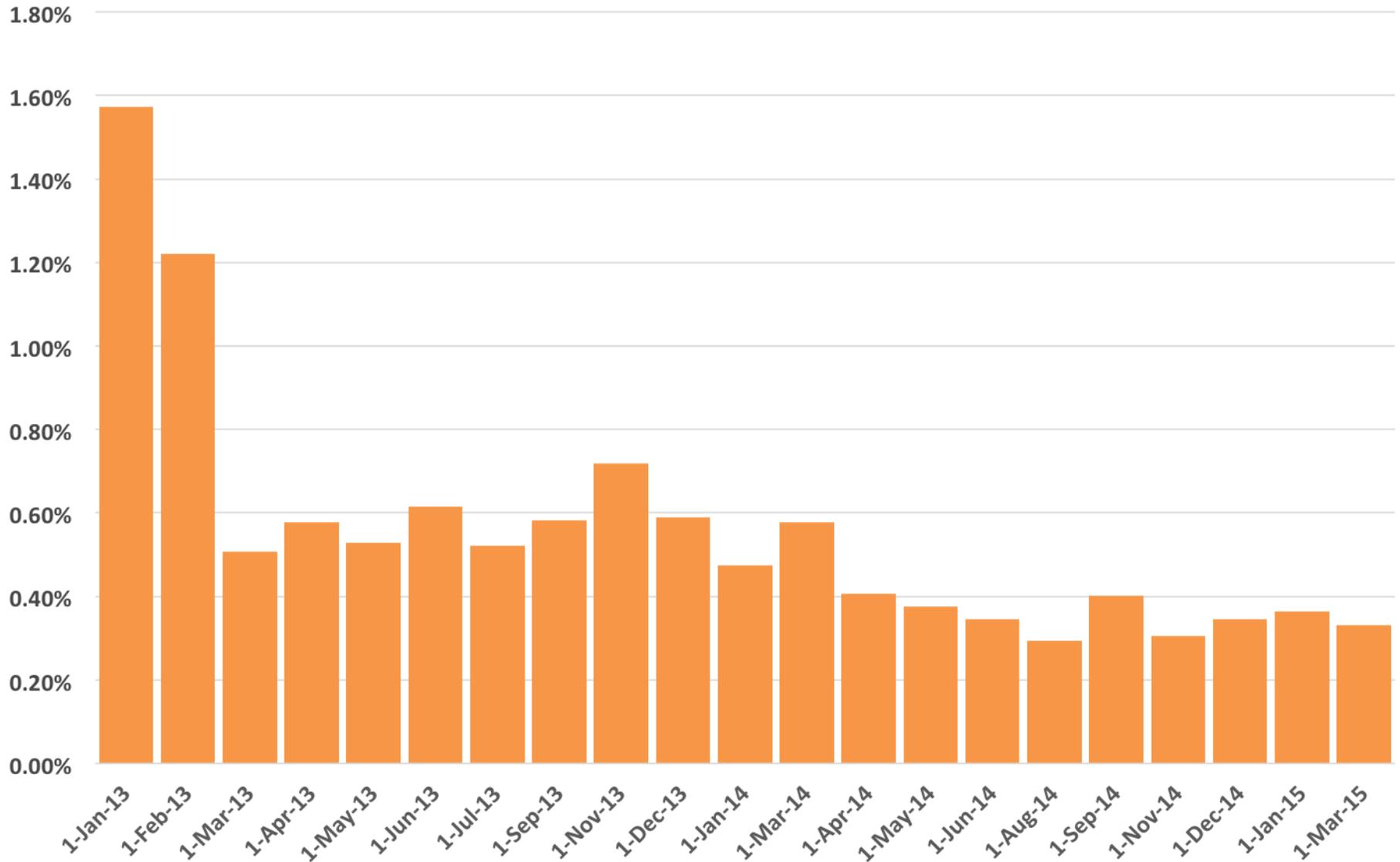


- **10,000 mobilizers operating in high risk/hard to reach settlements**
- **Local entertainment in areas with high missed children with special teams/Directly Observed Polio Vaccination (DOPV)**
- **Use of naming ceremonies & other opportunities for mobilization & immunization (child absent cases)**
- **Engagement of youth and Daawa members in their communities**
- **Aggressive messaging on immunization: use of technology such as Bluetooth campaign at community & household level and viewing centres**
- **1,500 FOMWAN women supporting community mobilization in high risk LGAs**
- **216 religious focal persons facilitating access to more than 17,000 local religious leaders, teachers**
- **1,401 polio survivors supporting engagement during & in-between campaigns**

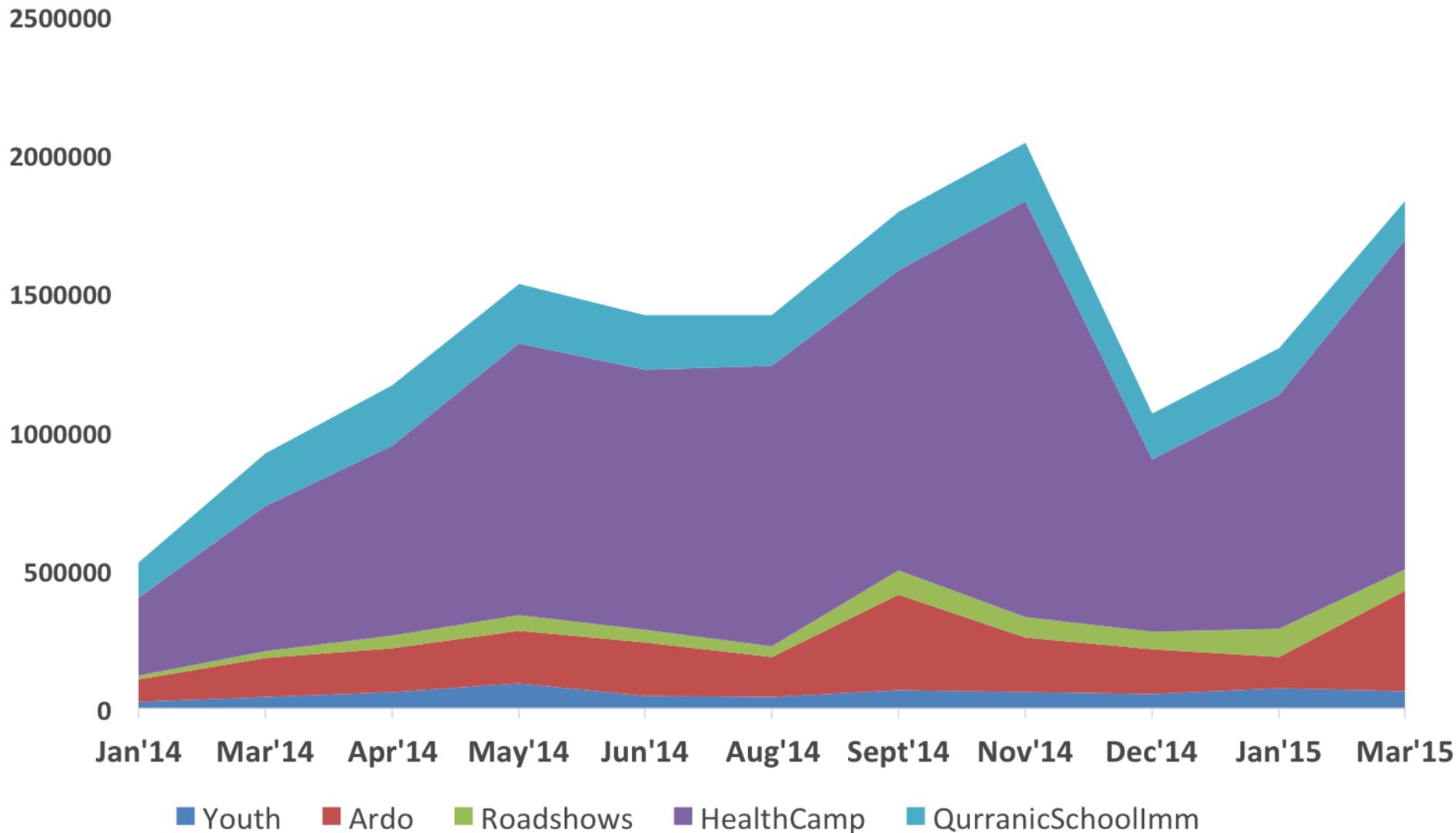


Steady reduction in non-compliance

Trends in % children missed due to non compliance in High Risk States (January 2013 – March 2015)

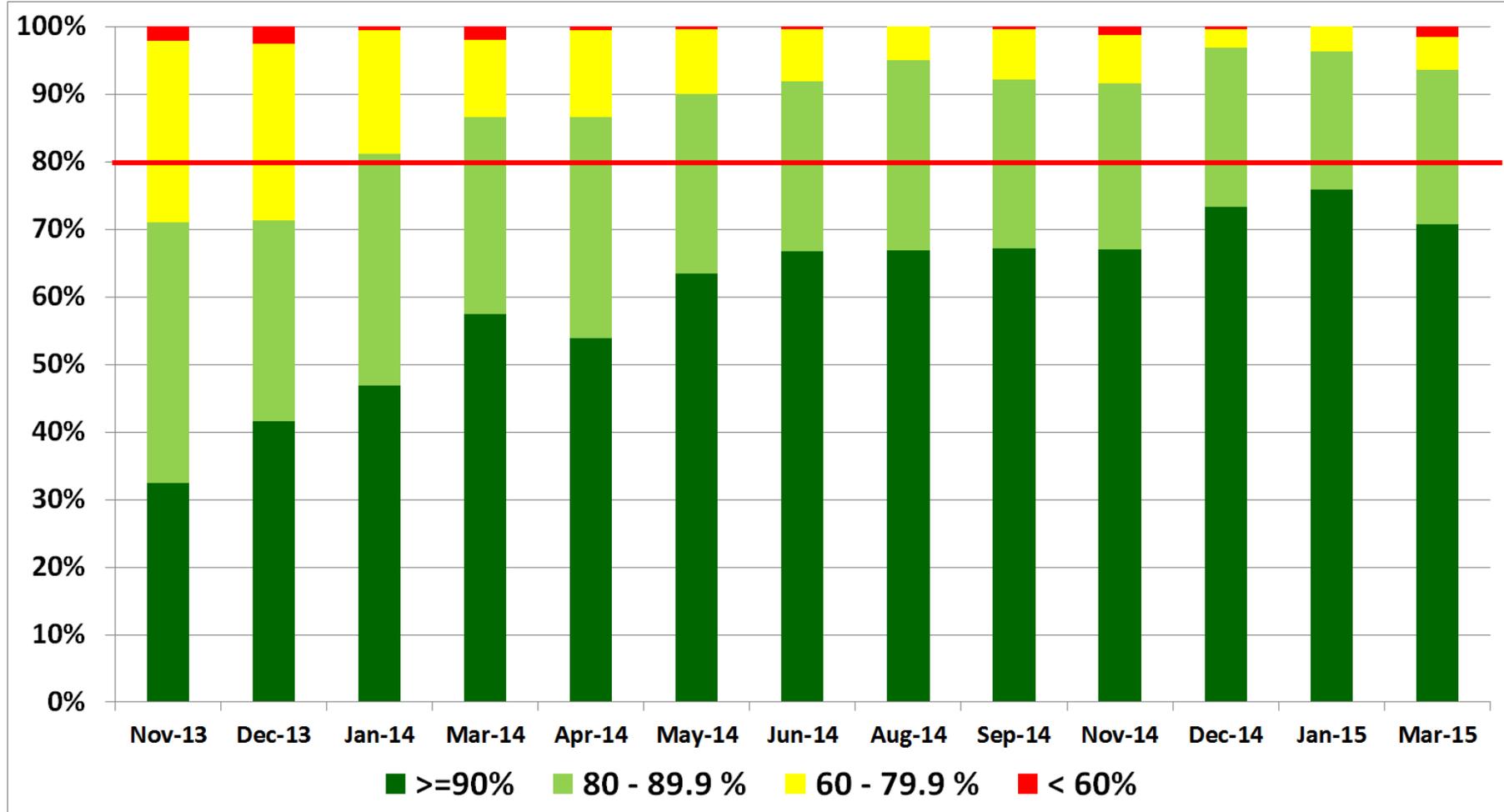


Number of children vaccinated via demand creation activities in High Risk States (Jan 2014- Mar 2015)



Upsurge in number of children immunized at health camps in November was due to Yobe IPV campaign; reduction in December was because 12 LGAs in Kano implemented the IPV campaign as opposed to the house to house campaign

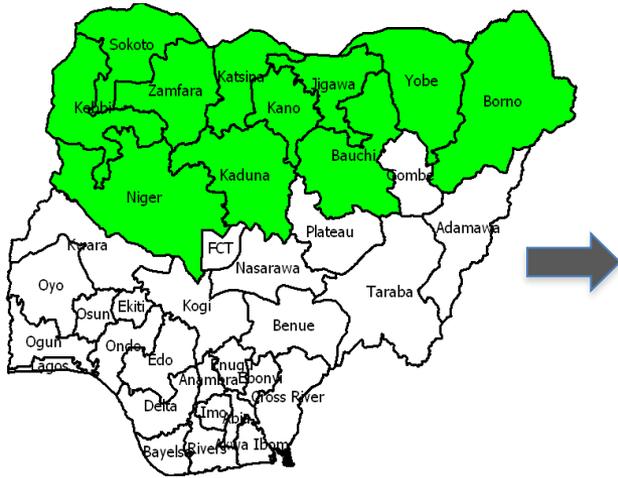
Trends in LQAs from the 11 High risk states (Nov 2013 – Mar 2015)



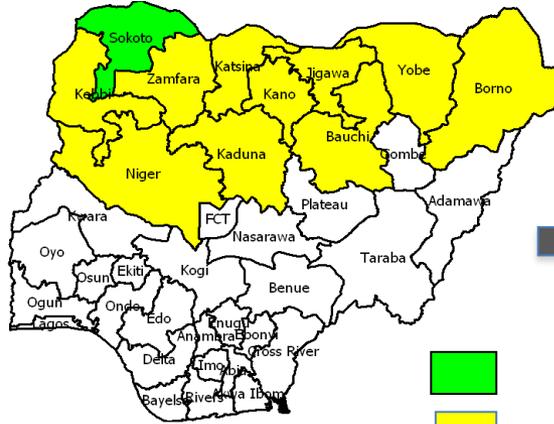
	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14	Mar-14	Apr-14	May-14	Jun-14	Aug-14	Sep-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jan-15	Mar-15
<i>LQAs surveyed</i>	145	195	207	209	208	222	222	220	216	227	225	220	188
>=90%	32%	42%	47%	57%	54%	64%	67%	67%	67%	67%	73%	76%	71%
80 - 89.9%	39%	30%	34%	29%	33%	27%	25%	28%	25%	25%	24%	20%	23%
60 - 79.9%	27%	26%	18%	11%	13%	9%	8%	5%	7%	7%	3%	4%	5%
< 60%	2%	3%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	2%

SIAs conducted in Q4 2014 , Q1 2015, and Plan for Q2 2015

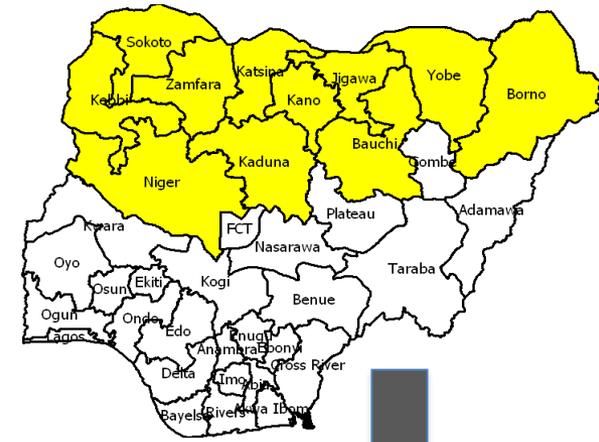
Nov' 14 (Conducted)



Dec' 14 (Conducted)

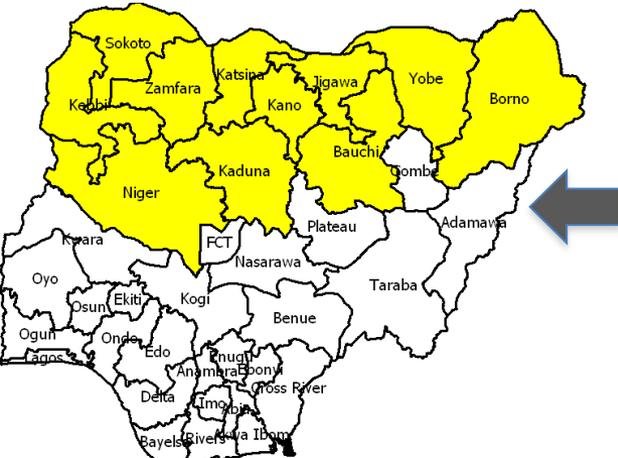


Jan' 15 (Conducted)



 tOPV
 bOPV
 Non -Implementing States/LGAs

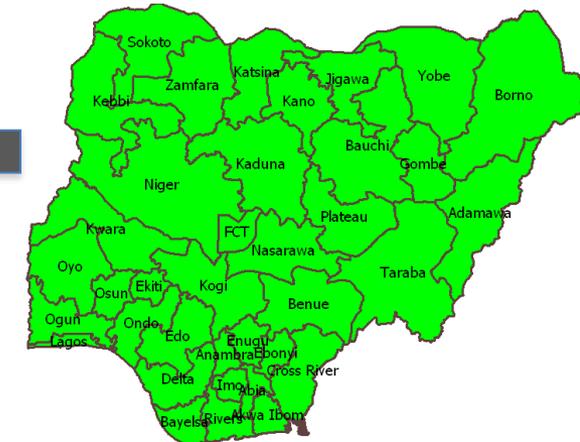
Jun' 15 (Planned)



April '15 (Conducted)



Mar' 15 (Conducted)



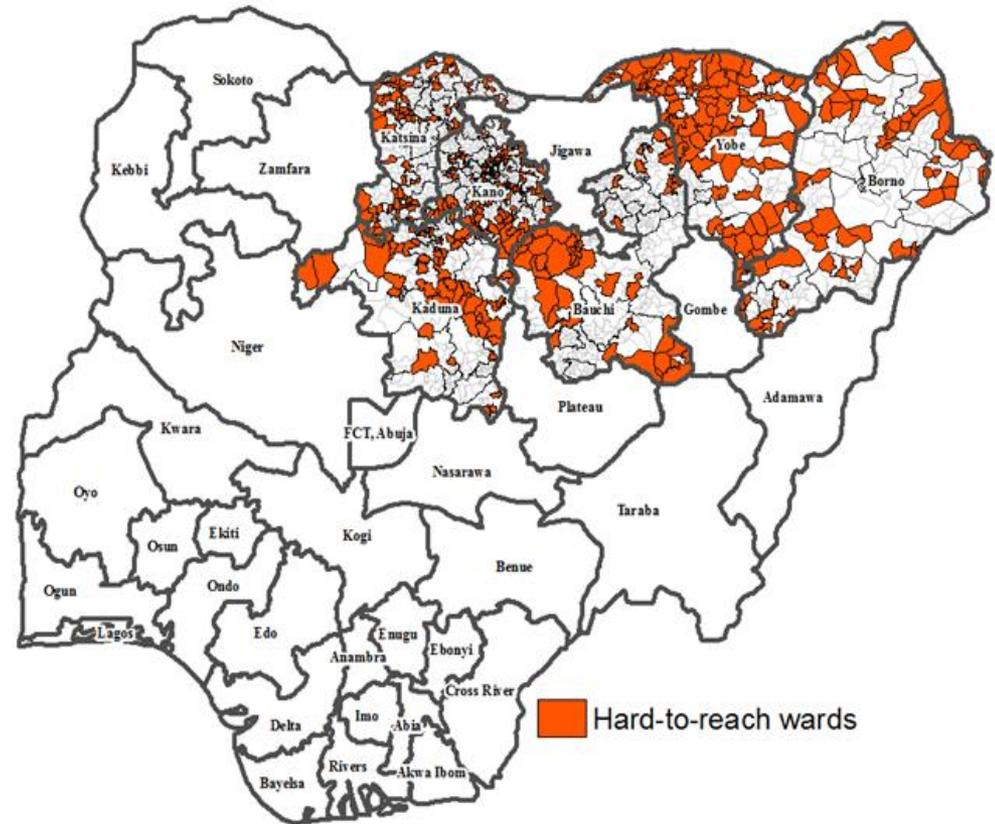
Increased tOPV use in 2015 SIAs to rapidly halt the transmission of cVDPV type 2

**Strengthening Routine
Immunizations in targeted Low
Population Immunity Areas**

Integrated Routine Immunization services in Hard to Reach underserved areas in June – Dec 2014 & Jan – Feb 2015

Jan-Dec 2014 Feb 2015

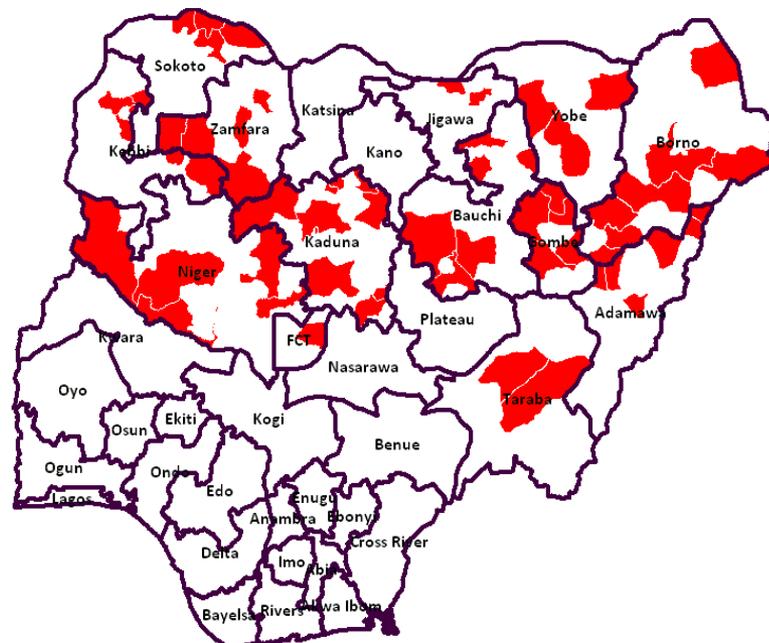
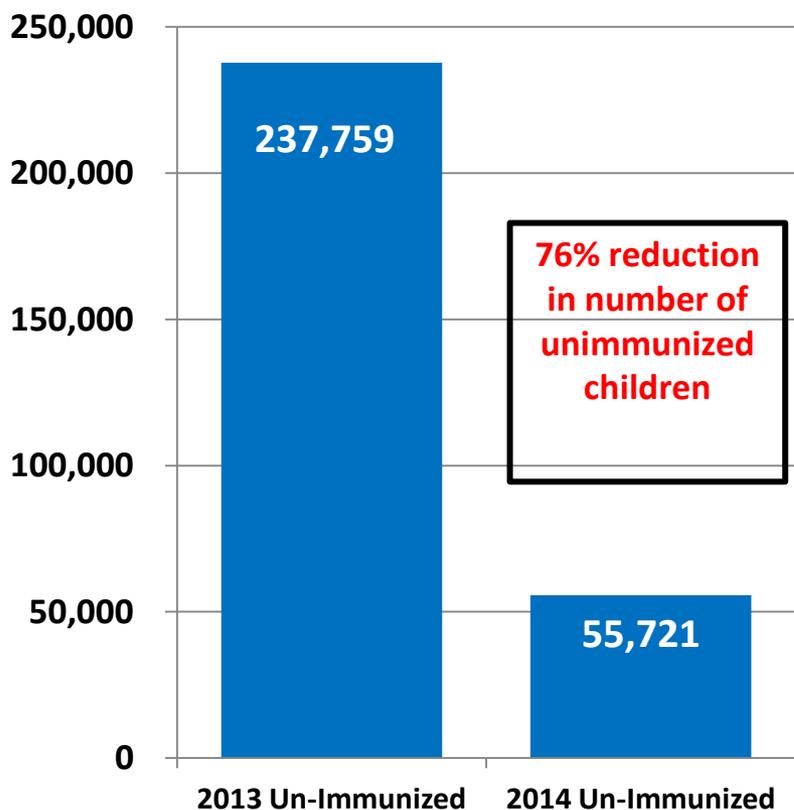
Intervention	Number reached	Number reached
OPV doses (0 – 59 months)	329,330	66,195
Vit A	199,155	34,491
Deworming	184,776	30,081
Anti-malarials (pregnant women)	174,615	1,112



BMGF Funded Project

RI intensification in targeted vulnerable and cVDPV infected LGAs to rapidly increase population immunity in 2014 & Plan for 2015

RI Intensification implemented in **59 polio vulnerable LGAs**, in **2014** compared to same period in 2013



Plan in 2015:

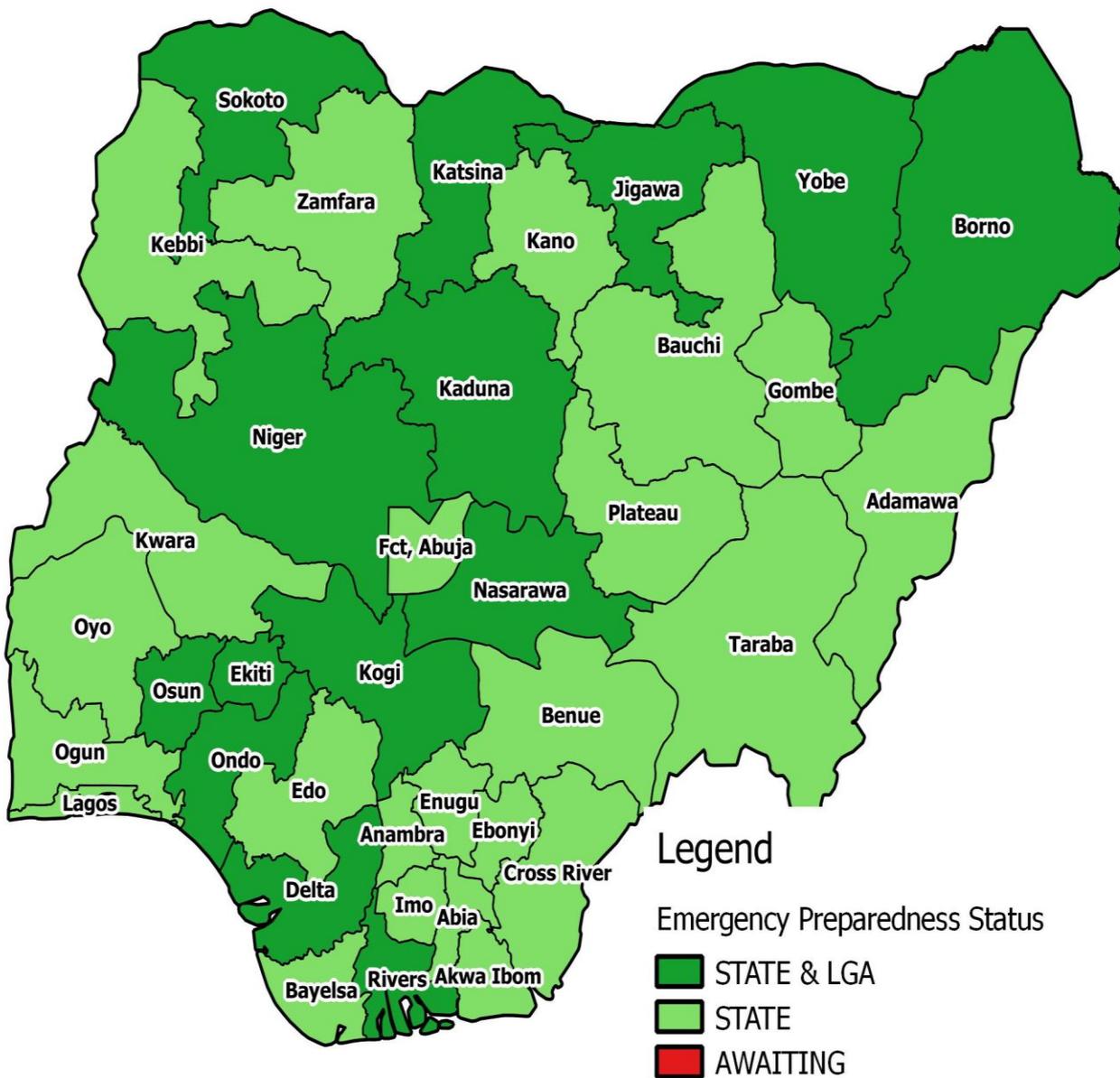
- Rapid intensification in any LGA with newly confirmed cVDPV.
- Adapt the strategy for implementation in any LGA with low type -2 population immunity

Other In – Between Round Immunization Interventions That Are Being used to Boost Population Immunity

The PEI programme has adopted the use of new strategies alongside old innovations to reach more children. These strategies include:

- **Therapeutic feeding centres:** mothers bring thousands of malnourished children for community management of acute malnutrition (CMAM) to outpatient treatment centres (OTP)
- **Markets, transit point and border Vaccinations**
- **Immunization at Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) camps**
- **Outbreak response teams set up in 36 states and FCT** to respond to any outbreak (WPV or cVDPV) timely and efficiently
- The continued **involvement of community based organizations** that have influence on caregivers

Inauguration of Polio Emergency Response Teams in 36 states and FCT

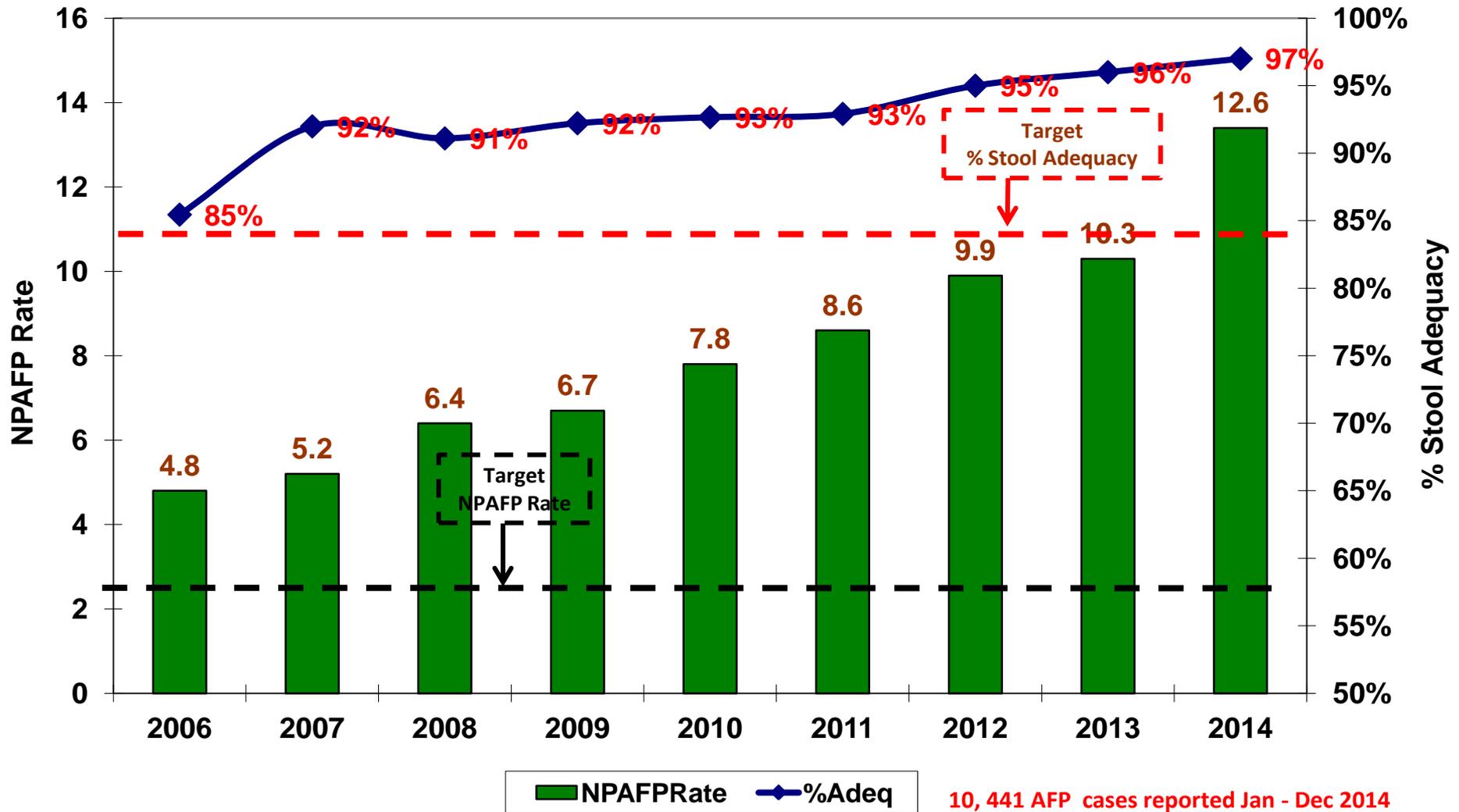


In an effort to stop transmission, the National EOC set up Polio Emergency Response Teams in all states and LGAs to effectively respond to any new case of WPV or cVDPV

Strengthening Surveillance

Progress in AFP Surveillance Performance

2006-2014

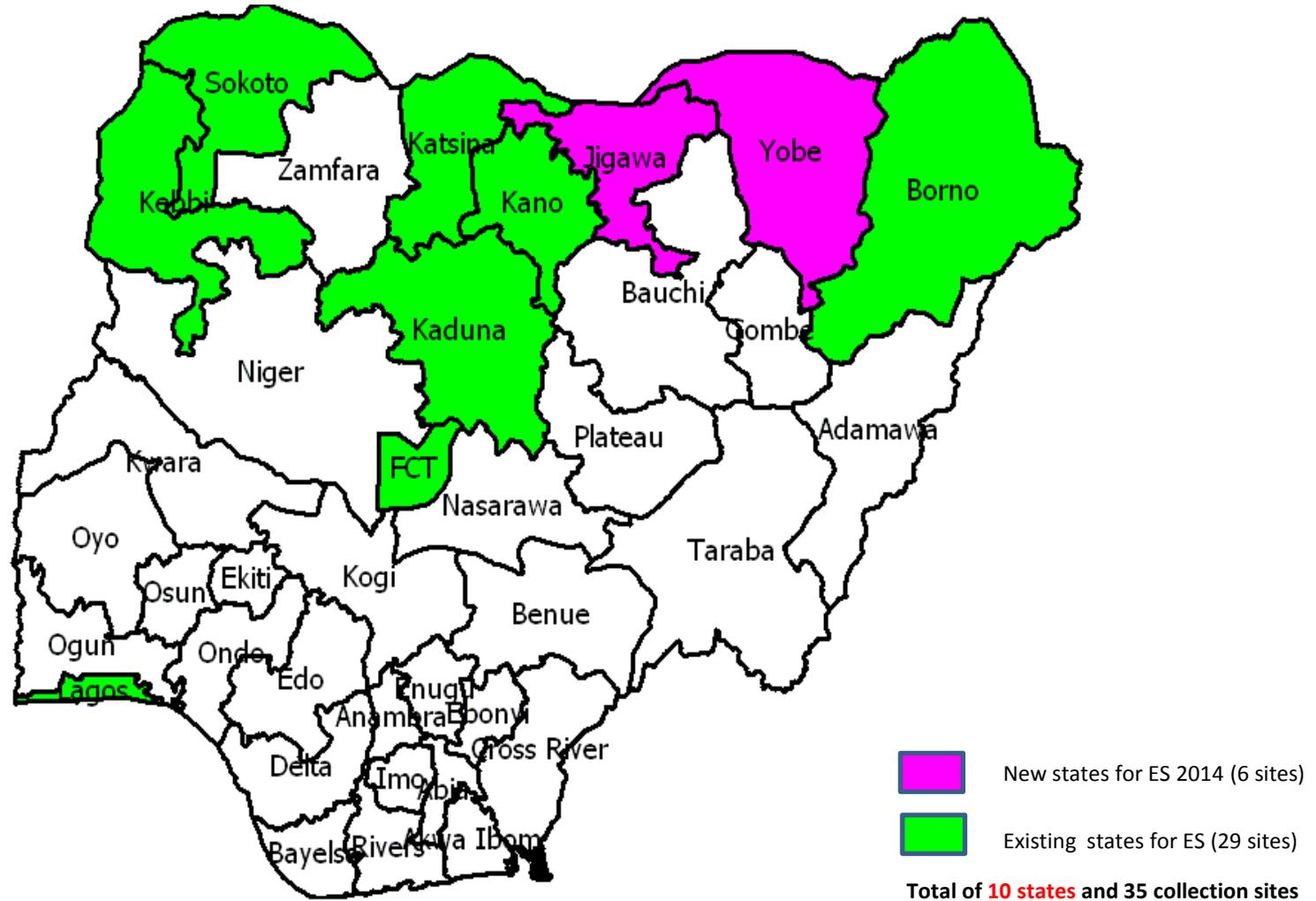


Performance Polio Labs: Jan – Dec 2014

Polio Lab	Ibadan	Maiduguri	Total/Average
Number of Samples	13,555	7,377	20,932
Good Condition at Receipt in Lab (Target =90%)	99.0%	99.4%	99.2 %
Received 3 days after collection (Target=80%)	99.6%	68.7%	84.2 %
With Results within 14 days (Target 80%)	95.9%	86.1%	91.0 %
Isolates shipped from LR_Arm within 7 days of isolation (Target=80%)	100 %	100%	100 %
NPENT (Target=10%)	11.6%	14.5%	13.1 %

The receiving of specimens within 3 days after collection was not met for Maiduguri due to increased insurgency that required batching of specimens in Gombe before shipping to Maiduguri Laboratory

Expansion of Environmental Surveillance 2014



The environmental surveillance expansion has covered all 3 polio sanctuaries and areas with recent evidence of active transmission

Current Strides in Surveillance



- The national EOC identified 40 poor performing LGAs with surveillance gaps
- Zonal Coordinators and National level Supervisors are to support trainings in weak performing LGAs or LGAs categorized based on other risks.

- Training on surveillance has been carried out in all 36 states and FCT.
- It was held in Kano from 9th – 10th April 2015, and was facilitated by the SMOH, WHO & CDC
- The trainees included 104 participants made up of DSNOs and Assistant DSNOs, Focal Points, Informants and various categories of clinicians
- During the training each LGA team came up with a work plan on the issues and what can be done

Strengthening AFP Surveillance in Borno and Yobe, 2014 onwards

- *Increase in designated reporting surveillance focal sites from 2013 to 2014:*
 - **Borno from 134 to 180 (34% increase)**
 - **Yobe from 97 to 125 (29% increase)**
- *Prioritized redeployment of **surge capacity positions** from NWZ to the NEZ in 2015*
- *Increase in community informants from 2013 to 2014:*
 - **Borno from 297 to 759 (155% increase)**
 - **Yobe from 308 to 350 (16% increase)**

Yobe State: Monitoring AFP Reported by month Jan – Dec 2013 – 2015 as at April 17, 2015

Security Restriction	LGA	2013												Grand Total	2014												2015																	
		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April														
Non-Restricted	Barde	2	4	2	1	2	1	0	0	3	2	2	1	20	2	1	0	1	3	1			7	6	6	4	4	4	3															
	Bursari	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	2	1	1	0	10	1	0	2	1	2	1			2	1	2	1	6	2	5															
	Fika	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	4	1	1	0	2	0	0			2	1	1	2	3	1	3															
	Karasuwa	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	2	1	1	1			2	2	8	2	4	5															
	Machina	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0			1	7			2	3																
	Nangere	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	5	0	1	0	0	3	1			1	1	2		4		2															
	Nguru	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0			1			2	3	2																
	Tarmuwa	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0			2	1	3		2																	
	Yunusari	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0			2	1	3		1																	
	Yusufari	2	2	0	2	0	0	1	1	1	3	0	2	11	0	0	0	0	0	0			1			2	4	2																
Only 1LGA out of 17 LGAs has not reported an AFP case in 2015														Damaturu	0	1	2	3	0	2	0	1	0	0	2	0	11	0	0	0	2	3	0			3	7	1		1	2	1	1	
														Fune	2	1	2	1	2	1	2	0	3	3	1	0	18	0	4	2	1	1	1	3			5	7	7	4	4	6		
														Geidam	1	1	0	0	0	4	0	2	1	2	3	0	14	3	2	2	1	1	1			1	3	1	1		3	2	1	
														Gujba	3	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	10	0	0	2	1	1	2	1				1	2					
														Gulani	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	2	0	9	0	1	2	2	1	0				1			1				
														Jakusko	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	6	0	2	0	4	0	1				2	3	1	1	4			
														Potiskum	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	4	1	1	10	0	3	1	1	0	0	1				5	2	2	1	1	1	
														Yobe	16	19	8	12	11	10	5	10	19	18	18	5	151	11	17	15	25	21	12	7	4	35	43	31	27	46	31	28		

Sokoto State: Monitoring AFP Reported by month Jan – Dec 2013/2014 – April 17, 2015

State	LGA	2013													2014										2015									
		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April				
Sokoto	Binji	2	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	3	1	4	2	3					
	Bodinga	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	8	0	0	2	3	2	1	2	0	0	2	2	2	3	3	2					
	Dange-Shuni	0	3	0	3	7	6	5	2	4	3	2	1	36	3	1	3	2	0	2	1	3	2	3	3	1	1		3					
	Gada	3	2	0	1	2	1	3	2	1	1	3	0	19	2	0	1	1	1	0	1	2	4	6	3	1	6	3	1	2				
	Goronyo	5	1	0	2	3	3	4	2	3	2	1	0	26	2	0	5	1	1	1	3	3	2	4	1	1	4							
	Gudu	3	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	11	1	1	0	1	2	0	0	2	1	1	2	2	3	2	3					
	Gwadabawa	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	2	1	11	0	0	2	2	0	0	1	1	5	4	2	2	5	5	2	1				
	Illela	5	0	0	6	4	6	6	3	2	3	0	1	36	1	2	2	1	4	4	3	9	6	7	0	4	4	2	4					
	Isa	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	8	0	1	2	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1				
	Kebbe	1	1	1	1	2	0	4	2	0	1	0	0	13	No silent LGA out of 23 LGAs in 2015										5	3	1	1	4					
	Kware	1	0	1	1	0	2	4	2	3	2	4	1	21											4	5	4	6	5	1				
	Rabah	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4											3	1	2		2					
	Sabon Birni	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	8	2	0	1	0	2	1	3	0	1	1	2		1	1	3					
	Shagari	0	1	1	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	2	2	4	0	0	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	3	1				
	Silame	0	0	1	3	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	9	0	1	0	2	0	1	1	5	3	2	2	2	2							
	Sokoto North	1	0	0	2	4	1	0	0	3	0	4	0	15	0	1	0	3	1	1	0	4	3	0	4		1		2					
	Sokoto South	3	1	1	0	1	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	16	2	2	0	2	3	0	3	1	1	3	2	3	2	2	2					
	Tambuwal	1	3	1	1	2	1	3	2	3	2	3	1	23	1	0	1	2	1	3	2	3	3	5	2		3	4		2				
	Tangaza	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	6	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	2	0	1	3		2							
	Tureta	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	2		1	1	1					
	Wamakko	2	2	1	3	1	3	1	2	0	2	1	0	18	2	0	3	2	1	2	0	0	2	3	3	4	2		1					
	Wurno	0	0	3	3	4	0	2	3	0	0	3	0	18	3	2	2	1	0	0	2	4	6	5	0	3	3	3	5					
	Yabo	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	5	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	2		1	2					
Total		30	25	14	35	37	30	38	25	31	24	33	7	329	28	21	34	30	24	26	29	54	48	66	52	39	59	39	49	8				

Kano State: Monitoring AFP Reported by month Jan – Dec 2013/2014 – April 17, 2015

State	LGA	2013													2014												2015				
		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	
Kano	Ajingi	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	3	0	8	1	0	2	2	3	2		1	1	3	3	1	2	1	2		
	Albasu	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	5	0	1	3	1	1	1				1			2	1	1	1	
	Bagwai	0	0	1	2	1	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	9	1	1	0	0	0	0	4	2	6	2	5	5	2			3	
	Bebeji	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	6	2	1	1	0	0	1								2	2		
	Bichi	1	0	0	1	0	4	4	2	1	2	2	1	18	1	1	1	1	0	1							1			1	
	Bunkure	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	7	2	1	0	1	2	4	3	2	1	1				1	1	2	
	Dala	0	1	1	2	2	0	1	2	1	1	0	2	13	2	0	2	1	2	1	2	1								1	
	Dambatta	2	3	2	0	6	38	10	17	8	3	6	5	100	1	6	1	0	1	3	2	3	15	20	7	6		9	12	1	
	Dawakin Kudu	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	2	1	2	1	0	10	0	1	1	0	1	1	1							2	1		
	Dawakin Tofa	1	1	0	0	4	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	11	1	1	1	1	0	4			1	1	2	1	1			5	1
	Doguwa	1	0	1	1	0	3	1	3	1	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	1			1		1				
	Fagge	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	0	3	0	1	1	0	1			1			1	1			
	Gabasawa	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5	2	0	0	2	0	0				1					1		
	Garko	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	2	2	8	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	4	4	4	4	1	1	3		2	
	Garum Mallam	0	0	0	0	1	5	2	1	1	0	0	0	10	2	1	0	1	0	2	1	2	3				3			1	
	Gaya	0	1	0	1	1	1	2	4	2	1	0	0	13	2	5	3	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	4	1		2		1	
	Gezawa	0	0	0	2	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	9	2	1	1	2	1	2			3	1	5	3		3	2		
	Gwale	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	1	14	0	2	3	2	2	0				1	2	1	1			4	1
	Gwarzo	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	2			3							2	
	Kabo	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0						2	1			2	1
	Kano Municipal	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	3	0	1	7											1				1	2	
	Karaye	0	0	0	1	3	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	9															1		
	Kibiya	0	0	1	0	0	7	1	1	1	0	1	0	12											1				3	1	
	Kiru	1	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	8											6	4	5		2	1	
	Kumbotso	3	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	2	2	1	0	12											2	1					
	Kunchi	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	2	0	1	0	8											1	1					
	Kura	0	0	0	2	3	0	2	1	0	4	2	1	15											5	2	1	2		1	
	Madobi	0	0	0	1	4	2	0	1	0	1	1	3	13	6	2	0	2	1	1	2	2			1	2			1	1	
	Makoda	4	0	0	3	0	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	12	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	2	1	5	1				
	Minjibir	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	1	1	0	2	8	0	1	1	1	2	4			3	2	1	1	1	1		1	
	Nassarawa	0	0	2	2	2	2	1	4	2	0	1	0	16	1	1	2	1	1	0				5	2	3	1	1		1	1
	Rano	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	5	1	1				2	3		1
	Rimin Gado	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	1	3	5	1	2	1	6			1	1			
	Rogo	0	0	0	2	3	1	1	1	1	0	4	1	14	0	2	3	0	0	6	5	2	3				5	1		2	
	Shanono	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	7	0	1	1	1	0	0			2	3			2	1	1	1	
	Sumaila	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	7	0	0	0	1	5	5	5	8	5				1			1	1
	Takai	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	3	1	1			1	2			2	1	1	
	Tarauni	2	0	0	1	0	3	1	1	3	0	4	0	15	1	2	1	0	1	1			2	1	1						1
	Tofa	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	1	1	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	6				4	5	2	4	4	1		
	Tsayawa	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	2	0			2	3	3			1		6	
	Tudun Wada	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	2	0	4	1	12	1	2	0	1	3	1	2	1	2	3	3	1	1	1		4	2
	Ungongo	0	2	0	4	4	2	2	1	5	4	3	1	28	2	3	1	1	3	3			3	3	3	1	1			2	4
	Warawa	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	6	0	0	2	1	5	1	1	1	1						2		
	Wudil	1	0	3	0	0	1	2	1	1	5	1	3	18	0	1	4	0	0	5	4	5	9	6	4		2	2	1		
Total		24	16	20	38	54	89	55	54	47	41	51	34	523	34	45	41	35	57	79	51	81	98	89	61	52	38	30	77	22	

Only 1 LGA out of 44 has not reported an AFP case in 2015

Using the Polio Infrastructure to Respond to the Ebola Outbreak

- The National Polio EOC has been instrumental in improving coordination and effective implementation of the PEI programme in Nigeria since October 2012
- With the success in polio, the Ebola EOC was modelled along the Polio EOC
- The Polio EOC Deputy Incident Manager was made the Ebola EOC Incident Manager
- Polio EOC data team members were deployed to support the Ebola EOC in GPS tracking, GIS mapping and real-time visualization, and monitoring of field activities
- In the field, personnel from government and agencies working on Polio and other health programmes were deployed to conduct active surveillance, case tracking, screening at ports of entry, case management and social mobilizations
- The experience from polio was key in effective implementation of the Ebola control activities and Nigeria was certified Ebola free within 12 weeks of the outbreak (*20 July 2014 index case; 20 October 2014 WHO certification*)

Current Challenges

- Insecurity in the North Eastern part of the country
- New political office holders at national and state levels
- Persistent Health Workers' strike in some localized states and LGAs
- Funding gap
- Bridging surveillance gaps

Responses to Issues Raised in October 2014 IMB Report

S/N	Issue	Response
1	Elections posing great risk of programme disruption	The national EOC has successfully conducted the planned January, March and April IPDs
2	Surveillance Gaps	40 poor performing LGAs with surveillance gaps have been identified and are currently being monitored
3	Weak outbreak responses	Establishment of outbreak response teams at state and LGA levels to rapidly respond to any new outbreak
4	Continuous circulation of cVDPV	Conducted 2 tOPV rounds in Q1 of 2015
		Accelerated use of Inactivated Polio Vaccine (IPV) in 8 metropolitan LGAs in Kano, 3 LGAs in Sokoto and 2 LGAs in Kaduna
		Introduction of IPV in Routine Immunization across the 36 states and FCT
		Targeted use of IPV in IDP camps across security compromised areas in Borno in Yobe states

Post – Election Advocacy for Polio Support

- Nigeria has enjoyed unprecedented support and oversight (including Presidential Task Force) from the incumbent Government which has significantly contributed to the progress towards interrupting polio transmission in Nigeria
- It is important that the support (financial and oversight functions) be sustained by the incoming Government from end May 2015, onwards
- Therefore, FMoH, NPHCDA and partners are developing a local advocacy plan for the incoming political structure at all levels (Presidency, State Governors and LGA Chairman)
- It is important that an additional external advocacy plan by GPEI partners in collaboration with the Government of Nigeria be put in place



Thank You!

Extra Slides

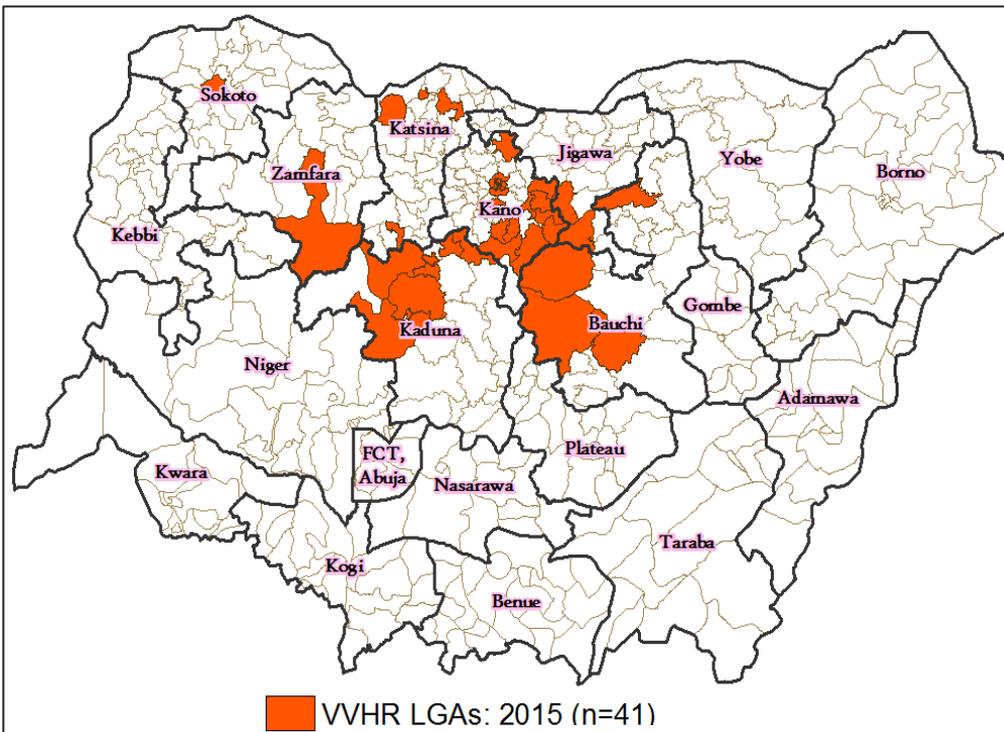
Capacity Building for Monitoring and Accountability Officers



M&A Officers were trained in Kaduna on 23rd - 26th March 2015 on enhancing service delivery to the programme in areas of data analysis, reporting, monitoring and tracking, and problem solving



38 VVHR LGAs from Harmonized Algorithm

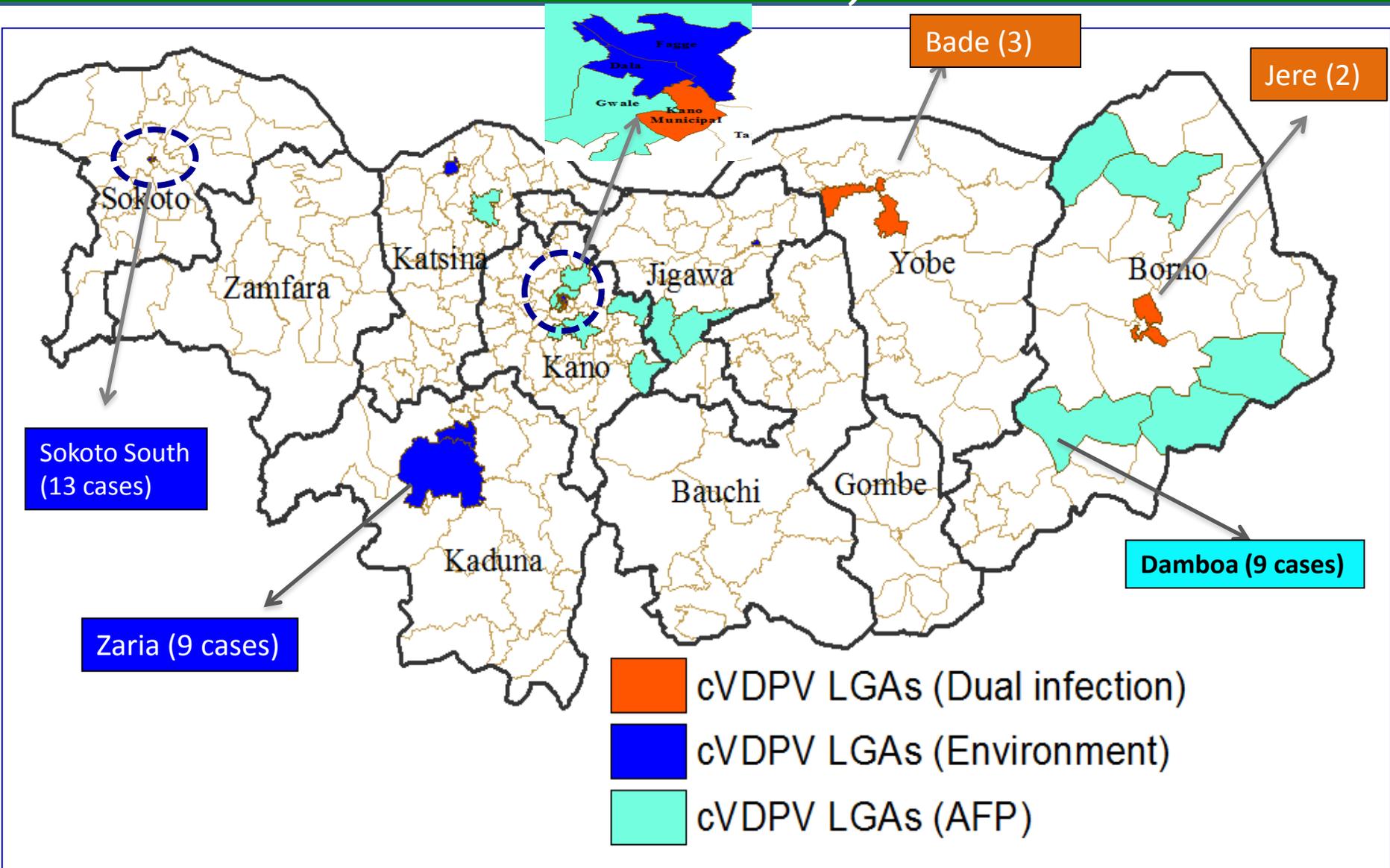


S/No	State	LGA	Rank	Combined Classification
1	Kaduna	Zaria	1	VVHR
2	Katsina	Katsina	2	VVHR
3	Kano	Fagge	3	VVHR
4	Sokoto	Sokoto North	4	VVHR
5	Kano	Kano Municipal	5	VVHR
6	Kano	Ungongo	6	VVHR
7	Kano	Dala	7	VVHR
8	Kaduna	Sabon Gari	8	VVHR
9	Kano	Gwale	10	VVHR
10	Kaduna	Igabi	11	VVHR
11	Kano	Gabasawa	12	VVHR
12	Kaduna	Kaduna North	13	VVHR
13	Kaduna	Giwa	14	VVHR
14	Kano	Minjibir	15	VVHR
15	Kano	Sumaila	16	VVHR
16	Kano	Dawakin Kudu	17	VVHR
17	Kano	Nassarawa	18	VVHR
18	Bauchi	Ningi	19	VVHR
19	Kano	Takai	20	VVHR
20	Bauchi	Bauchi	21	VVHR
21	Bauchi	Itas/Gadau	22	VVHR
22	Kano	Ajingi	23	VVHR
23	Kano	Kumbotso	24	VVHR
24	Sokoto	Illela	25	VVHR
25	Kano	Gaya	26	VVHR
26	Jigawa	Dutse	27	VVHR
27	Kano	Kura	28	VVHR
28	Katsina	Funtua	29	VVHR
29	Kano	Dambatta	30	VVHR
30	Kaduna	Ikara	31	VVHR
31	Kano	Tudun Wada	32	VVHR
32	Kaduna	Makarfi	35	VVHR
33	Sokoto	Wamako	41	VVHR
34	Kaduna	Chikun	48	VVHR
35	Kano	Tarauni	55	VVHR
36	Kano	Doguwa	70	VVHR
37	Zamfara	Maru	76	VVHR
38	Sokoto	Sokoto South	94	VVHR

Activities:

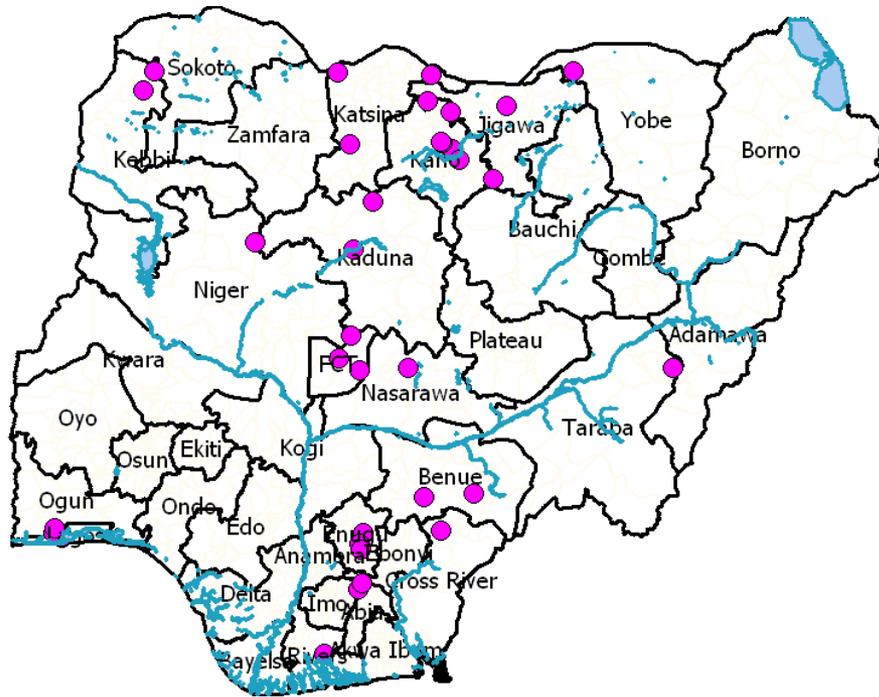
- An orientation meeting was conducted on the 9th and 10th March 2015 with the priority LGAs
- Walk-through microplans and RI work plans were developed and implementation is being tracked by the national EOC
- IPV introduction in routine immunization is currently ongoing in the priority LGAs

Improving Low Population Immunity to cVDPV (AFP & Environmental)



A total of 30 cVDPV (AFP) cases and 54 cVDPV (Environmental) in 2014. 1 new environmental cVDPV in 2015

Nigeria: Polio Compatible Cases Jan – Dec, 2014 as at week 15, 2015



● Compatibles (n=35)

of States with compatibles: 17

of States with clustering: 2 (Lagos and Abia)

S/No	State	LGAs	No of cases	OPV Doses
1	Abia	ISUIKWUATO	1	5
2		ISUIKWUATO	1	6
3	Benue	OBI	1	9
4		Ushongo	1	8
5	Cross River	Yala	1	7
6	Enugu	ENUGU EAST	1	8
7		ENUGU SOUTH	1	7
8		NKANU WEST	1	6
9	FCT, Abuja	Bwari	1	2
10		Municipal Area Council	1	6
11	FCT, Abuja	Municipal Area Council	1	7
12		Birnin Kudu	1	10
13	Jigawa	Gagarawa	1	39
14		Roni	1	12
15		kaduna South	1	32
16	Kaduna	Sabon Gari	1	8
17	Kano	Dambatta	1	15
18		Nassarawa	1	0
19		Nassarawa	1	4
20		Warawa	1	10
21	Katsina	Wudil	1	5
22		Jibia	1	24
23		Kankara	1	20
24	Kebbi	ZANGO	1	4
25		Argungu	1	20
26	Lagos	Alimosho	1	4
27		Alimosho	1	5
28		Lagos Mainland	1	7
29		Lagos Mainland	1	8
30	Nasarawa	Kokona	1	8
31	Niger	Mariga	1	9
32	Rivers	Obio/Akpor	1	9
33	Sokoto	Silame	1	15
34	Taraba	ZING	1	7
35	Yobe	Nguru	1	5

Securing Polio's Legacy

- In line with the 29th ERC recommendation, the ICC Legacy Working Group was set up at the National EOC to advise the Executive Director, NPHCDA on the development of a robust legacy plan for PEI in the country.
- The ICC Legacy Working Group had an inaugural meeting on the 3rd of March 2015 and are currently working on the activity plan.

Expected global transition timelines

