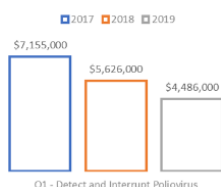


Angola Summary Sheet

As the world comes closer to achieving eradication, GPEI will wind down its operations, requiring GPEI-funded countries to proactively plan for a transition away from GPEI resources. This document on the Republic of Angola intends to provide an overview of the status of planning for this transition of assets and infrastructure by Angola. More information about polio transition planning is available on the [GPEI web site](#).



GPEI Funding Ramp Down 2017-2019 (USD)



O1 - Detect and Interrupt Poliovirus

Background:

Angola has not reported any cases of wild poliovirus since July of 2011. This achievement was made possible through efforts led by the Government in partnership with WHO, UNICEF, CORE Group, Red Cross and other agencies.

The projected budget for 2019 communicated to Angola by GPEI is US \$ 4,486,000. Though this figure is subject to change, it is 47% less funding than the 2017 GPEI funding. In recent years, polio-funded staff in Angola have worked in many areas beyond polio, contributing up to 71% of their time on activities such as routine immunization, new vaccine introductions, sanitation and hygiene, maternal and child health, nutrition and integrated disease surveillance and response. Angola is also in the process of transitioning from GAVI funding support, and from 2018, Angola will be considered a fully self-financing country in terms of its immunization programme.

General Information

Demographics

Total Population: **26,655,481**
 Birth Cohort: **1,177,093**
 Surviving Infant: **1,072,891**
 Infant Mortality Rate (per 1000 live births): **96**
 Child Mortality Rate (per 1000 live births): **157**

Financials

GDP, 2017 (USD): **\$102,627,000**
 GDP per capita, 2015: **\$4,105.5**
 Total Health Expenditures (THE) as % of GDP, 2014: **3.3**
 External Resources on Health as % of THE, 2014: **2.6**
 Government Expenditure on Health per capita, 2012: **190.5**

Human Resources

MOH: **3**
 WHO: **76**
 UNICEF: **0**
 Core Group: **0**
 Rotary: **0**

Polio Funders to-date

GPEI Donors
 (e.g. BMGF, USAID, Rotary Plus, Red Cross, etc)

GPEI Funding: Detect and Interrupt Poliovirus	2017	2018	2019
Campaigns- SIAs	\$0	\$0	\$0
Core functions & infrastructure (mainly Technical Assistance)	\$6,228,000	\$4,671,000	\$3,503,000
Surveillance & running costs (excluding Lab)	\$927,000	\$955,000	\$983,000
Grand Total	\$7,155,000	\$5,626,000	\$4,486,000

Health Priorities

Angola is in the process of implementing its Plano Nacional de Desenvolvimento Sanitário 2012-2025 (National Health Development Plan 2012-2025). For a listing of priorities, please click on the link above "Health Priorities".

In addition, Angola experienced a severe countrywide Yellow Fever outbreak in 2016, the worst in 30 years, which has positioned disease surveillance and outbreak response at the forefront of efforts in the health sector.

Transition Planning

Country Planning Dashboard: Angola

Communication initiated	Coordination body established	Mapping of assets	Mapping of priorities	Transition plan drafted and costed	Transition plan finalized and funding agreed	Transition strategy agreed
Complete	N/A	Complete	Complete	Complete	In process	Complete

Milestones_AGO

Milestone	Update
Awareness raising	Key stakeholders were engaged through letters from WHO to the Ministry of Health (MoH), followed by a series of discussions and a presentation to the Immunization Coordination Committee (ICC).
Coordination	The Transition Coordination and Monitoring Technical Group (CMTG) was created. The progress on polio transition was presented to the ICC during their last meeting. In an effort to streamline coordination with the MoH, the ICC and various partners are expected to merge into one coordination body called the "Partner Forum".
Evidence	To understand the full range of polio assets, a mapping was completed in September 2016. The WHO technical assistance ramp down plan was agreed with the MOH for 2017 and 2018. For the asset map, click on the adjacent "Evidence" link".
Strategic Options	A polio transition workshop was conducted on 16-17 August 2017. The workshop report includes the strategic options for polio transition and is under review by the CMTG.
Vision for the future	The country plans to develop a polio transition proposal based on the strategic options under consideration by the CMTG. Since the GAVI transition plan ends in 2017, integration with immunization programme activities will require a separate request for Gavi financing.
Transition Plan	The National Transition Plan is under development. Once potential donors have been identified, a memorandum of understanding will be developed to confirm their support for the implementation of polio transition.

Strategic Options for Transition

Angola's overall strategy for transition of polio-essential functions is to transfer responsibilities to the government by 2022. The objective of the transition is to transfer existing polio eradication activities and functions to existing structures and programs of the Ministry of Health and its partners to ensure the sustainability of the gains achieved, reduce the risk of any reintroduction of poliovirus, institutionalize the lessons learned from implementation of this program and continue to support provinces and other public health programs. As such, the strategy involves strengthening the capacities of the Health System (National, Provincial and Municipal Level) over a four to five-year period (i.e. from 2018 to 2022) through a technical assistance programme to be created at the Ministry of Health with support from WHO.

Risks

- Since Angola's economy relies heavily on oil production, the global decline in oil prices has greatly impacted the financial landscape (i.e. national revenues)
- Competing priorities (e.g. recent election, health emergencies, etc.) for programme partners
- Delay in financial health interventions to secure government funding for transition

Challenges

- New Government after elections may require a re-initiation of activities and a shift in engagement (advocacy) and coordination (i.e. coordination with Ministry of Finance)
- Extension of support of the polio transition consultant with potential for embedding continued support within the Ministry of Health to complete the transition planning process

References

[For references, please click here](#)

Next steps

- In the short-term:
- Development of the communication and advocacy strategies, and the business proposal for transition
 - First meeting with partners and donors, following the simulation exercise, to present an update on transition planning and to identify common areas of interest for technical and financial support
 - Elaboration and discussion of the first draft of the Polio Transition Plan 2017-2020 (including a Capacity building and a M&E Plan)
 - Second meeting with partners and donors to engage them further, present the draft of the Polio Transition Plan, and to discuss the business proposal for transition
- In the medium-term:
- To develop the memorandum of understanding to be signed by potential funders
 - To integrate the government financial support to transitioned functions and other priority programmes in the proposal for financial health reform