

Sixth report Press briefing

Sir Liam Donaldson
Chair

20 June 2012

Independent Monitoring Board

2010-12 Strategic Plan



Sir Liam Donaldson



Prof Ruth Nduati



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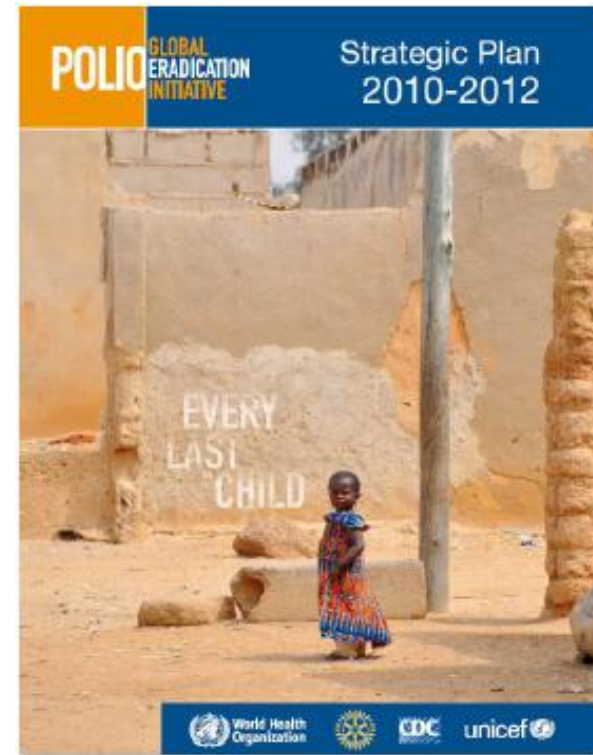
Dr Jeffrey Koplan



Dr Nasr El-Sayed

To “monitor and guide the work of the GPEI strategic plan”

Meets quarterly and reports to spearheading partners



Aim: to stop polio transmission globally by end-2012

IMB Report: “Every Missed Child”

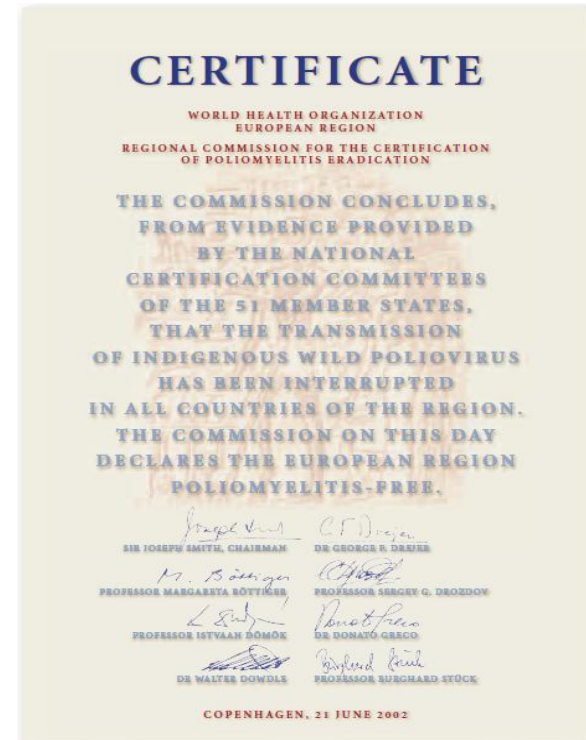
June 2012



Fifth report following sixth meeting in
May

Ten year anniversary of polio eradication in Europe

21 June 2002



The last case of wild polio in Europe affected a young boy, Melik Minas from Turkey, who was paralysed by polio in November 1998.

Overview

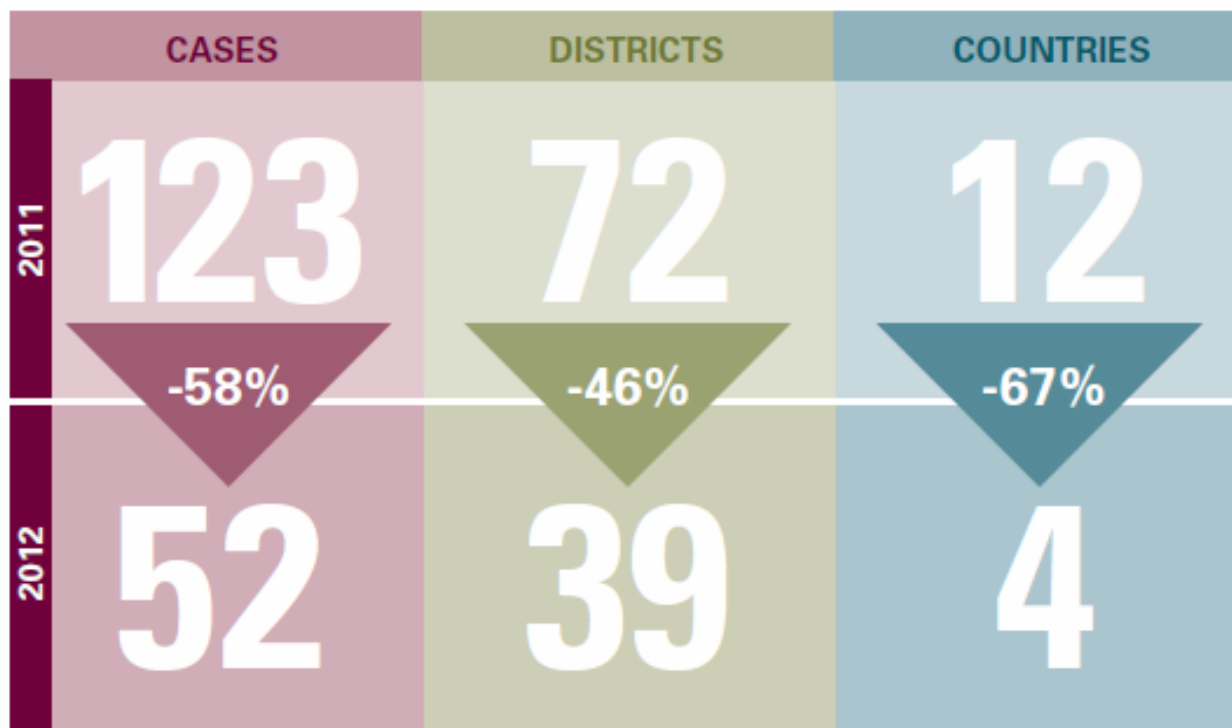
- IMB's assessment of current Programme performance
 - including the greatest threat to the Programme
- Key messages from the IMB's June Report
- Country by country
- Recommendations

Summary of current IMB assessment



Strong progress towards stopping polio transmission globally: five highlights

1. Fewer polio cases in fewer districts of fewer countries than at any time in history



Strong progress towards stopping polio transmission globally: five highlights

2. Substantial improvements made across the global programme

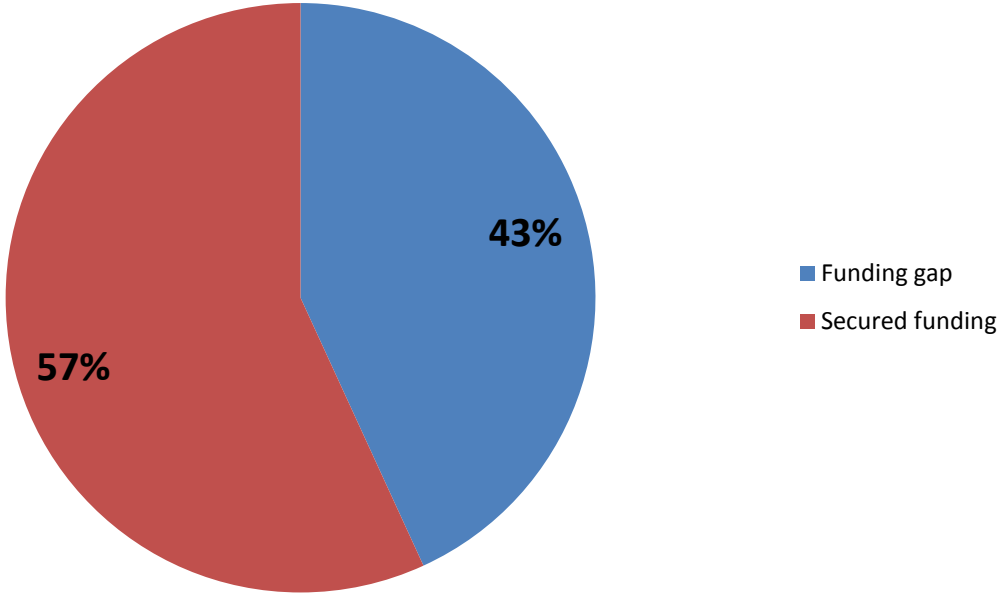
Three impressive improvements:

- True operational priority given to the Programme by the Heads of Partner Agencies;
- Recent “surge” in technical and communications support to affected countries;
- Greater emphasis on disseminating and applying best practise.

Strong progress towards stopping polio transmission globally: five highlights

3. India no longer polio-endemic
4. Polio eradication declared an emergency by May 2012 World Health Assembly
5. Significant progress in Pakistan

Funding Gap



Total 2012/2013 Budget: US\$2,190,000,000

Secured: US\$1,245,000,000

Funding gap: US\$ 945,000,000

The global scale of vaccination campaigns cancelled in 2012 due to funding gap

Figure 3: The Global scale of cancelled campaigns in 2012



Vaccination campaigns cancelled in Africa

Figure 4: Endangered campaigns in Africa

Each of the 20 countries on the map was infected by polio from Nigeria between 2006 and 2010. So far in 2012, eight of these have gone without planned vaccination campaigns because of the funding shortfall. By the end of 2012, only two will not have been affected.

- Campaign already missed in 2012
- Future 2012 campaign cancelled
- Future 2012 campaign scaled back
- No 2012 campaign cancelled
- Nigeria



Three key themes from our June report

1. Sanctuaries
2. Focus on missed children: “Every Missed Child”
3. A great potential legacy

African sanctuaries for the polio virus

Sokoto, Nigeria

Logone Orientale, Chad

Zamfara, Nigeria

Katanga, DR Congo

Kano, Nigeria

Luanda, Angola

Borno, Nigeria



Asian sanctuaries for the polio virus

13 High-Risk Districts, Southern Afghanistan

Kyber Agency, Federally Administered Tribal Areas

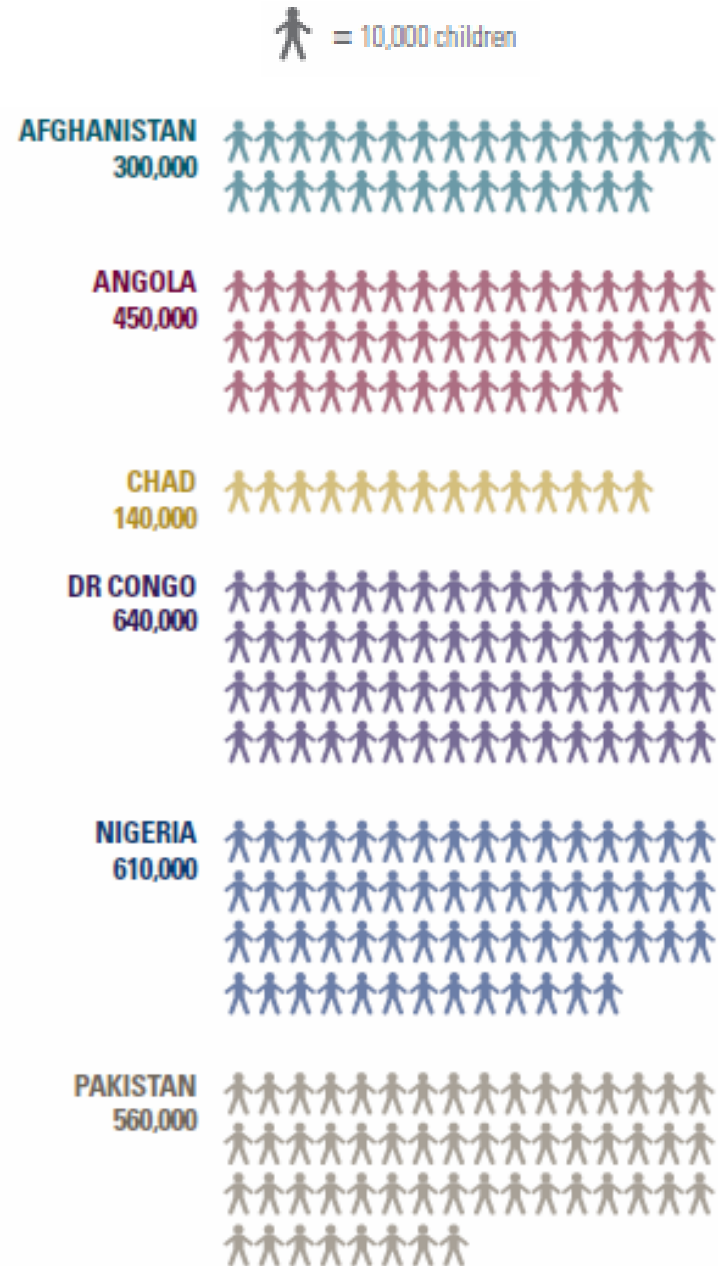
Pishin, Quetta Block

Gaddap Town, Karachi



Focus on missed children: The Never Children

2,700,000 children in six polio affected countries have never received even one dose of polio vaccine



A great potential legacy – this is more than polio

For millions, the polio programme represents the only health service to which they have access – it reaches the parts of the world no other health network can.....



And when it reaches these children, it doesn't just deliver polio drops. The Programme has helped avert 1.25 million deaths through vitamin A supplementation and 2.3 million deaths through measles mortality reduction activities.....



The polio structures in place are vital for other health responses.....

13 September 2011 Last updated at 15:46

224 Share    

Pakistan is hit by dengue fever epidemic

By M Ilyas Khan

BBC News, Islamabad

The government in Pakistan's eastern province of Punjab is struggling to control a growing dengue fever epidemic, officials say.

They have warned that it threatens to affect other parts of the country.

More than 4,000 cases of dengue fever have been reported in the past two months, officials say, and at least eight people have died.



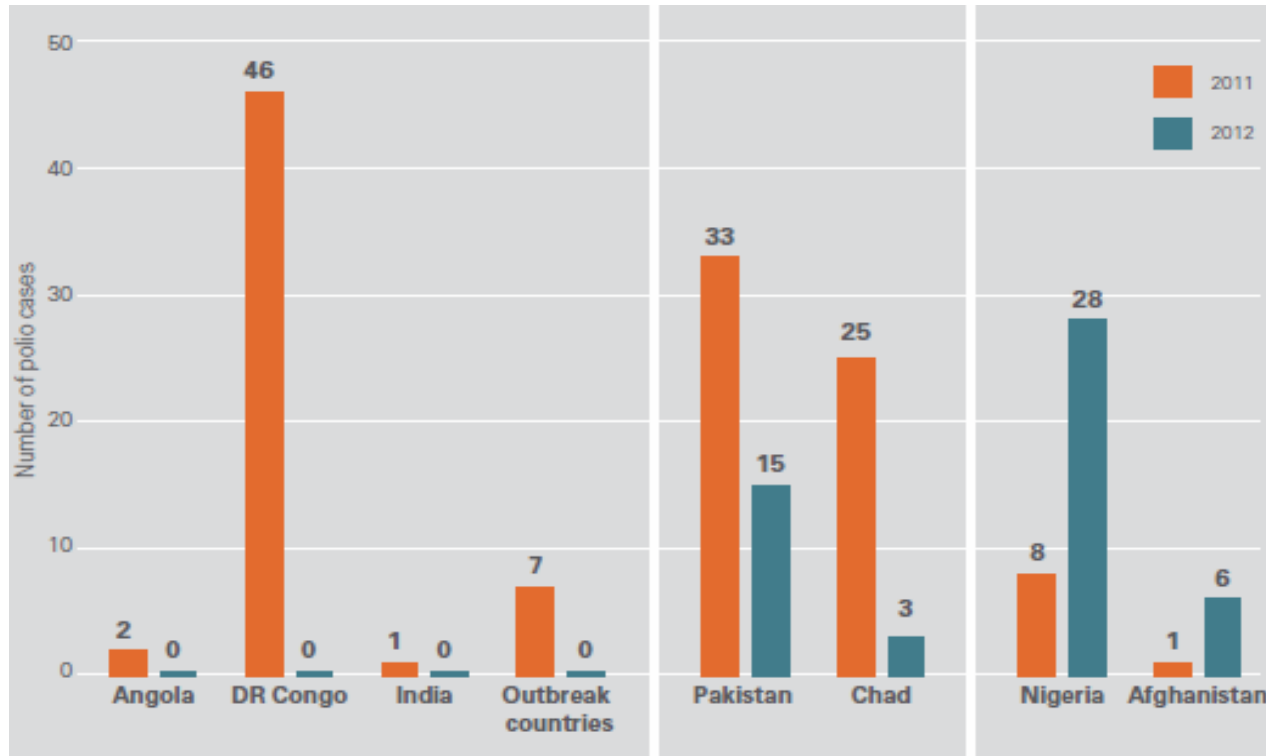
Over 4000 people have been diagnosed with dengue fever

A people legacy also.....



The Polio Programme trains and develops a new generation of health workers today that will go onto become the health leaders of tomorrow.....

Country-by-country



Polio cases comparison: first four months of 2011 & 2012

Recommendations

1. Funding gap must be bridged – greatest threat to the programme
2. Programmatic change must continue
3. A clear legacy (polio plus) must be established
4. Make every contact count – co-ordination with West African response
5. Expand environmental surveillance
6. International Health Regulations
7. Every missed child must be vaccinated