



# "Overview of Polio Eradication in Nigeria"

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29<sup>th</sup> October, 2012



#### Contents

#### Epidemiology and surveillance

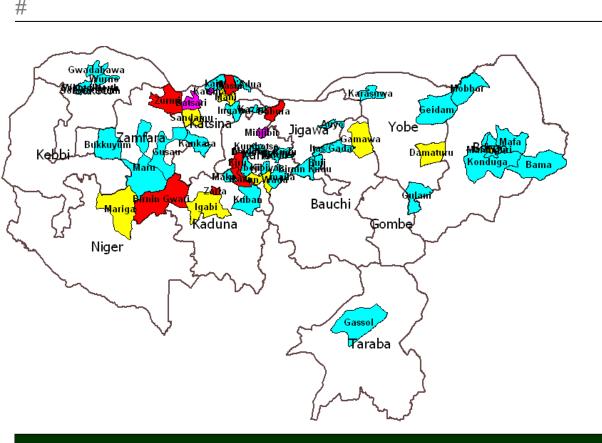
What we have done

Results

Next steps

## Focal Distribution and Key Epidemiologic Features

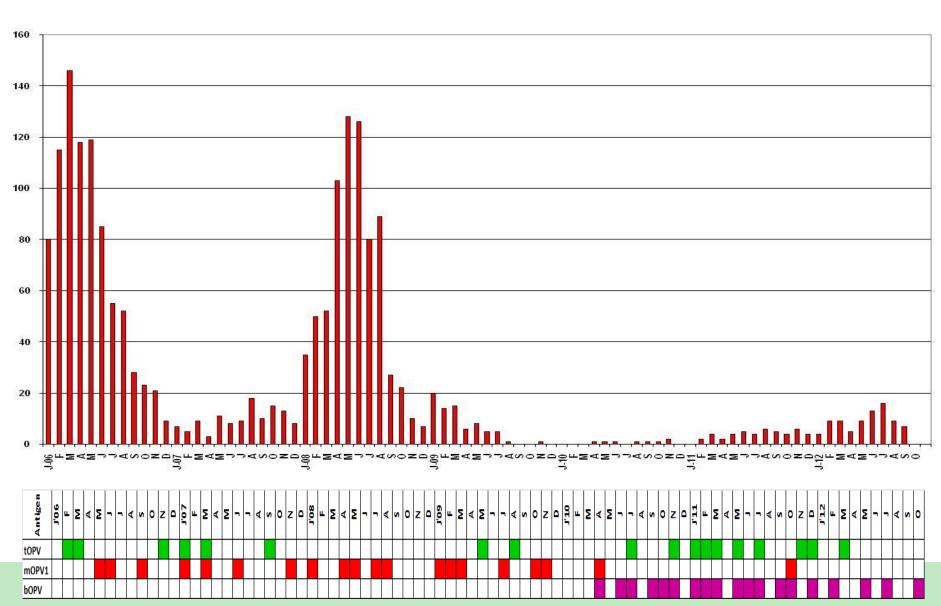
LGAs with wild poliovirus infections (Jan – Oct 2012)



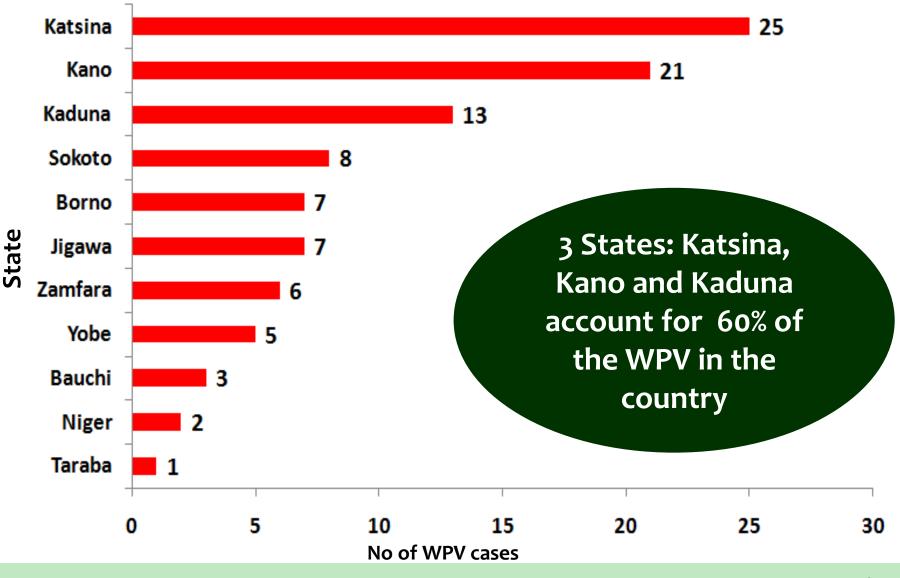
- Localized to 7%
   (54/774) of all LGAs
- Geographic distribution
  - Rural, scattered, and border communities
  - Selected urban areas
- Transmission
  - Spreading in contiguous LGAs with many LGAs (35%) having multiple polio cases over time

Katsina, Kano and Kaduna account for 60% of the polio cases in the country. Only 4 LGAs account for 27% of the cases and 11 LGAs account for 48% of the cases. 19 LGAs account for about 2/3 of the polio cases in the country

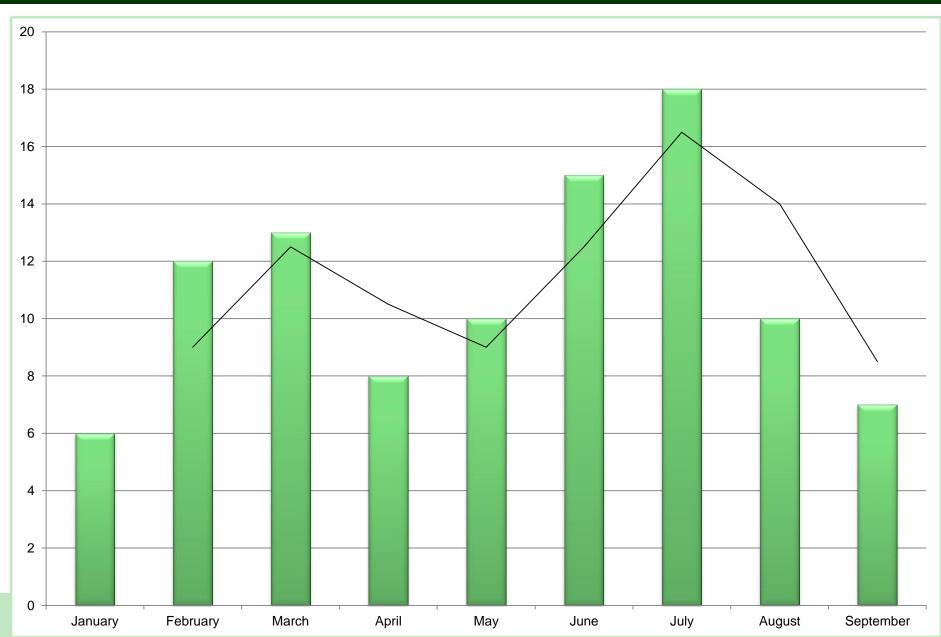
# WPV 1 monthly onset, with targeted SIAs (2006 – 2012)



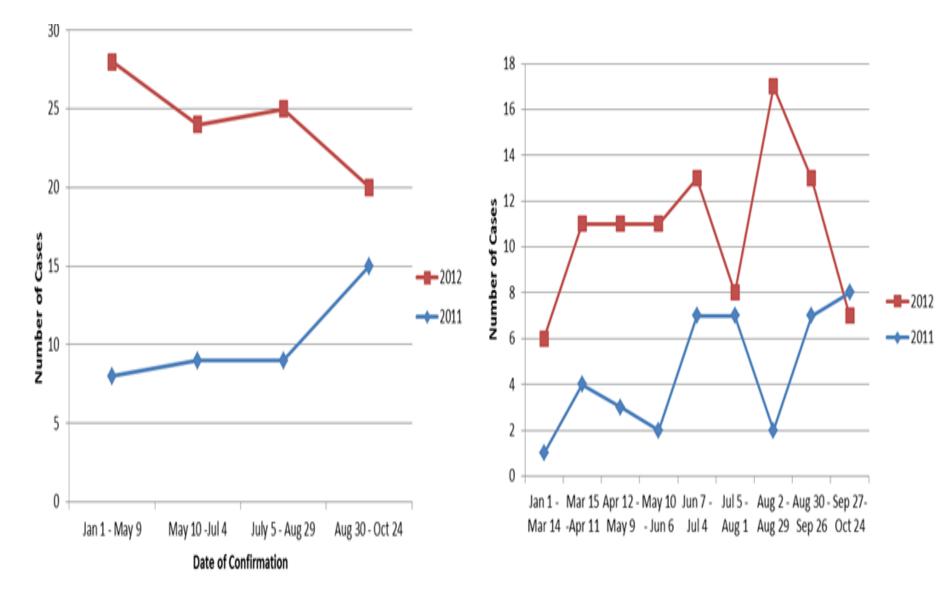
### Number of WPV by State, 23 Oct 2012



# Monthly trend in the incidence of WPV shows a peak in July, followed by a downward trajectory

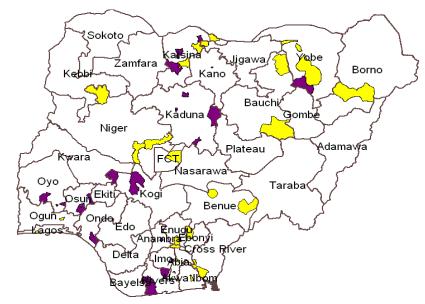


### We may have turned the corner in the current outbreak

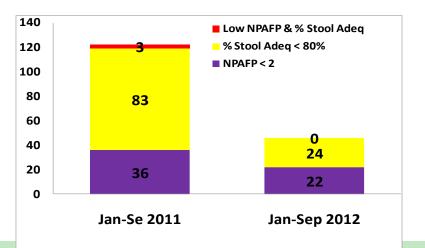


## AFP surveillance Performance (Jan – Sep 2012)

#### Jan – Sep 2012



#### 46 LGAs in 24 States

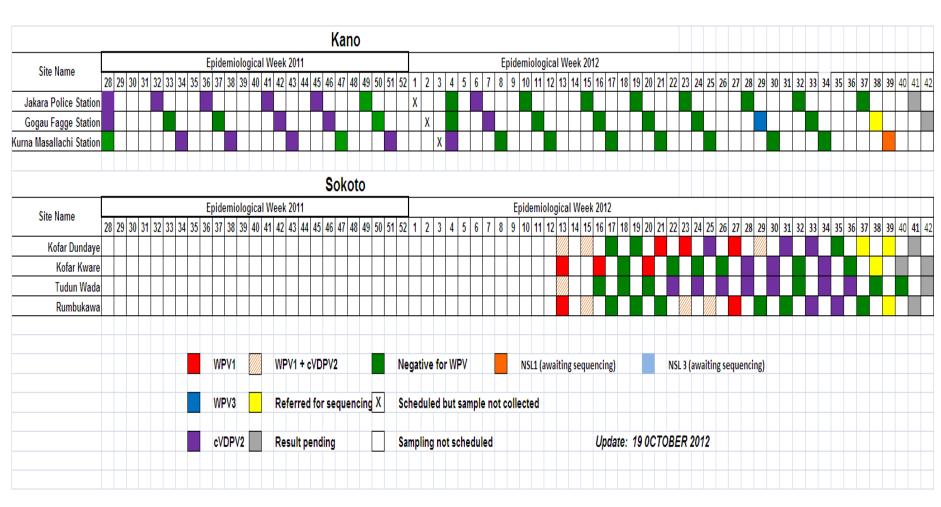


- NPAFP is 10.2, % stool adequacy 96%, and 90% of the LGAs met the two core AFP surveillance indicators
- Underperforming LGAs are reduced significantly (by 2/3) in 2012 through inclusion of more informants into the AFP surveillance reporting network and sensitization of professional groups
- There are nine orphan viruses in 2012 from eight LGAs



LGAs with Low NPAFP (<2) LGAs with Low Stool Adequacy (<80%) LGAs with Low NPAFP & Stool adequacy

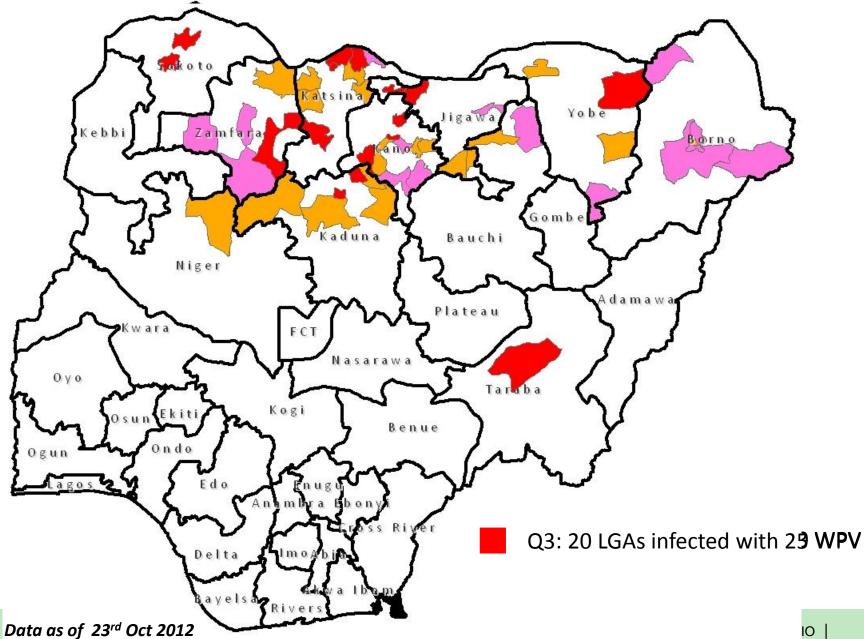
# needs to be expanded to other areas



Many WPV1 and cVDPV2 being detected through ES in Sokoto State. Sokoto State is intensifying active surveillance. Additional sites are being identified in Kano State

Source: WHO-NIE

## Cross-border WPV Spread by quarter in 2012



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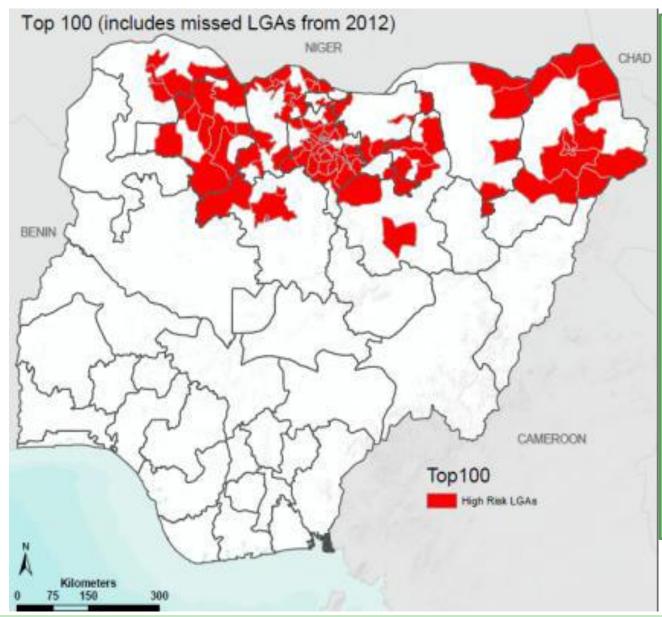
Epidemiology and surveillance

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#### The top 100 highest risk LGAs have been identified for focused intervention



These 100 High Risk
(HR) LGAs are a
subset of 200 Very
High Risk (VHR) LGAs
identified using the
harmonized HR
algorithms of WHO,
CDC and Global Good

45 of these worst performing 200 LGAs have declining population immunity

 The program has developed special strategies focused on this population.

## We have intensified efforts in four main areas

- **1.** Highest level political commitment and advocacy
- 2. Improved operational performance
- 3. Improved household micro-planning
- 1. Use of GIS to improve micro-planning

## Highest level political commitment and advocacy





Highest level of political commitment by Mr. President

Governors of HR States and Chairmen of 45 vulnerable LGAs met with Mr President on October 16, 2012

Advocacy visits to High Risk (HR) States

Renewed engagement of traditional leaders in the supervision of IPDs and resolution of Non-compliant cases.

MOU signed with traditional leaders to personally ensure ownership and accountability for PEI

## Highest level political commitment and advocacy



HE Executive Govenor, Kano



HE Executive Governor, Jigawa



HE Executive Governor, Zamfara



HE Executive Governor, Kebbi

10/29/2012



## Highest level political commitment and advocacy



#### HE Sultan of Sokoto



**HRH Emir of Kano** 



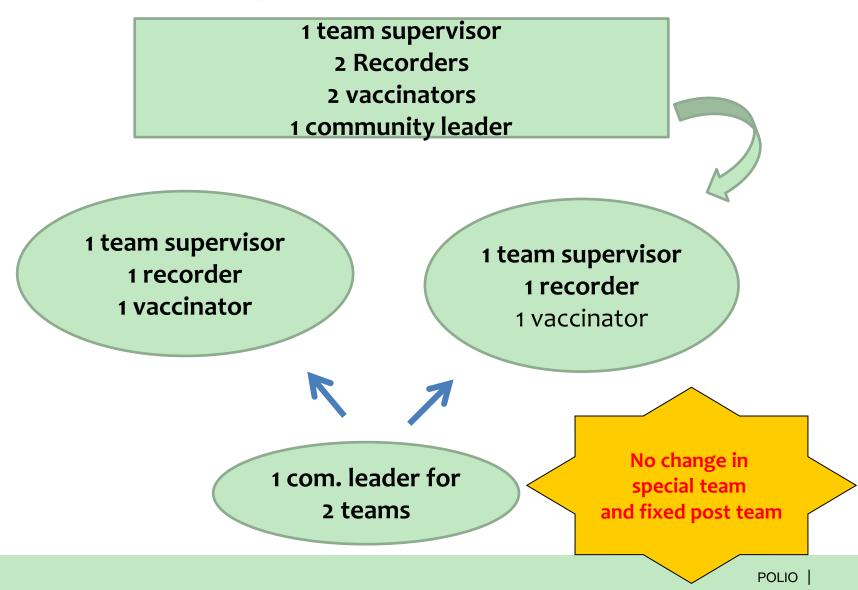
Village Head at evening meeting

# **Improved Operational Performance**

Type of Operation	Description	
Innovation	<ul> <li>Staggering Implementation</li> <li>Team Restructuring</li> <li>Increased stipend for vaccination team members</li> </ul>	
Capacity Surge	<ul> <li>Expanded personnel from WHO (2,202)</li> <li>Indian SMOs</li> <li>Volunteer Community Mobilizers (Unicef)</li> <li>N-Stop (CDC)</li> </ul>	
Improved Accountability	<ul> <li>Use of Dashboards to monitor key indicator</li> <li>Review of dashboard planning data prior to campaign</li> <li>Postponement of campaign based on lack of preparedness</li> <li>All partners at the national and state levels are involved</li> <li>Feedback to Governors, Commissioners and LGA Chairmen</li> <li>Resulted in timely response at state and LGA levels</li> </ul>	
Improved Involvement of Traditional Leaders	<ul> <li>219 poor performing wards were identified; TL vowed to ensure better quality of SIAs in these wards</li> <li>Delivery pact signed with Traditional Leaders to personally supervise SIAs in their domains</li> <li>Selected local vaccination team members and supervised activities</li> </ul>	

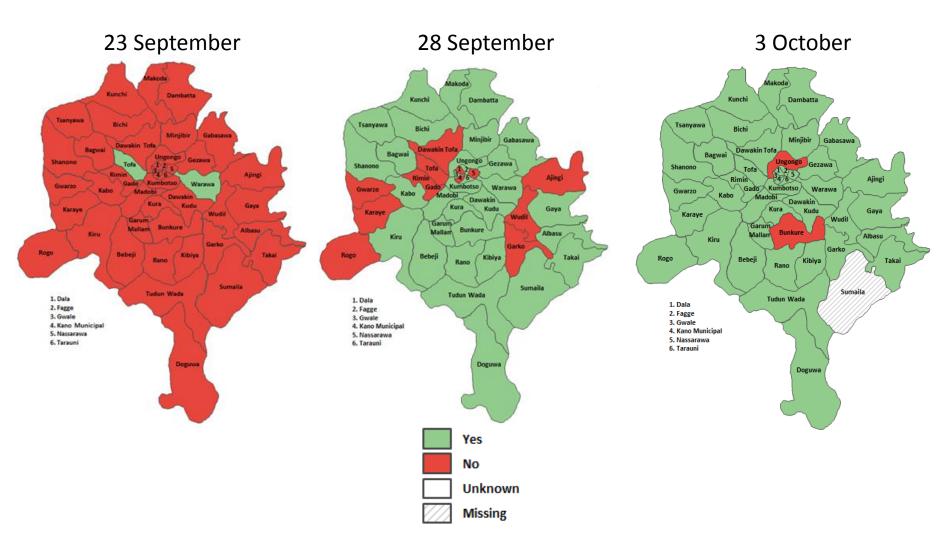
#### Improved operational performance: Team Restructuring

# **Composition of HH teams**



## Improved operational performance: Pre-campaign Dashboard

#### Map showing LGAs with Monthly LGA Task Force meetings held



#### Emirs Signing Pact with Sultan (8<sup>th</sup> Sept 2012)





THE Sultan of Sokoto, Alhaji Mohammed Sa'ad Abubakar III, In handshake with Shehu of Borno, Alhaji Abubakar Ibn Umar Garbai El-Kanemi II, while the Executive Director NPHCDA, Dr Ado Mohammed, looks on at a sensitization meeting of northern traditional rulers on pollo eradication yesterday.



#### Improved operational performance: Accountability



# Kwankwaso fires polio officials over corruption

#### From Halima Musa, Kano

Dozens of officials handling polio immunization in Kano State have been fired because they were using the exercise as a "money-making venture", Governor Rabiu Musa Kwankwaso has said.

Speaking on Saturday during the launch of a new phase of the

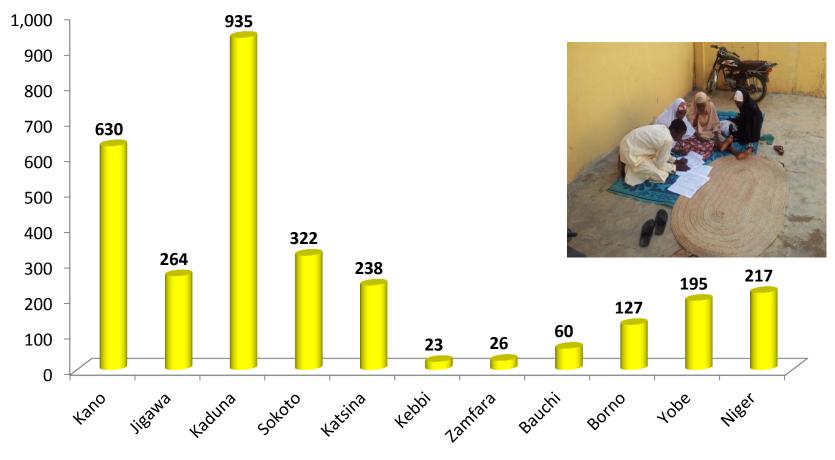
polio immunisation exercise, the governor said he directed the replacement of all managerial officers because they were found to be engaged in corruption thereby

retarding the anti-polio campaign.

Kwankwaso did not give a specific number of the officials affected, but he said they were of the level of director downwards at the state level as well as immunisation officers of the 44 local government areas.

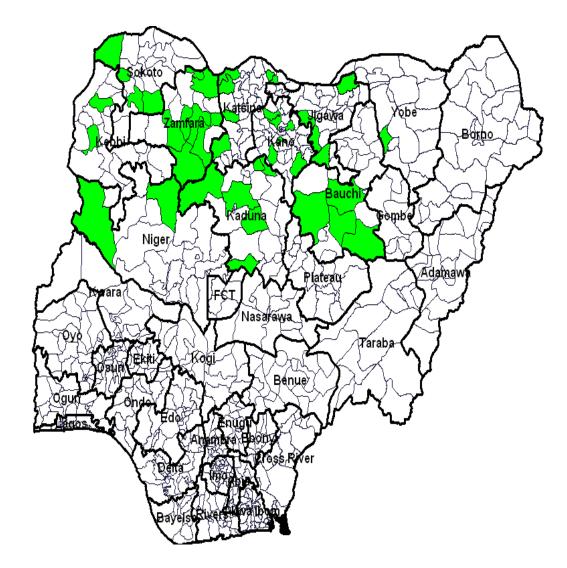
Polio is surging in parts of the Continued on Page 5

# Improved household micro-planning has helped to find missed children/ settlements



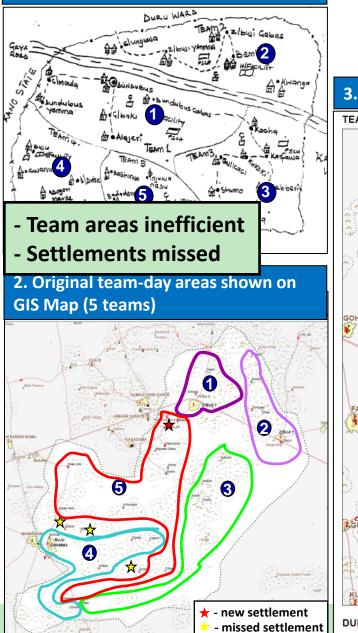
No of new settlements included in reviewed microplan

# to nomadic populations



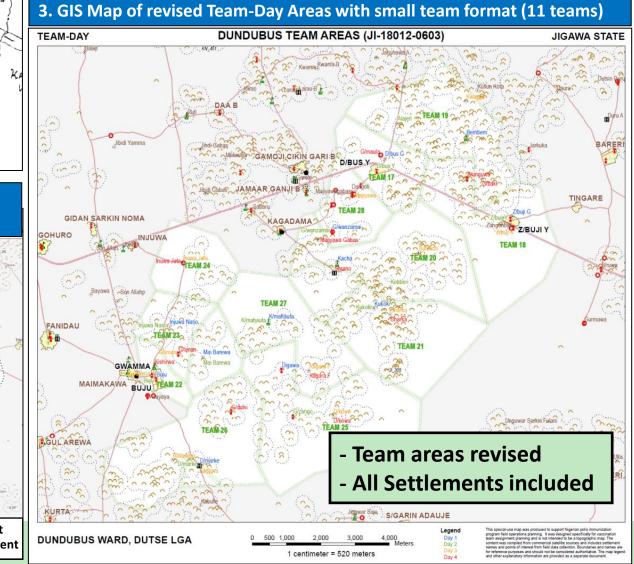
- Landscape analysis in August IPD:
  - 41 LGAs with high population of nomads
  - 1,576 settlements newly identified
- Inclusion in IPDs
  - Including nomads in vaccinations teams
  - Inclusion of settlements in microplan
  - Scale-up of outreach teams

1. Hand-drawn ward map from microplan with team-day areas (5 teams)



# **GIS MAPS and MICROPLANNING**

Dundubus Ward, Dutse LGA, Jigawa State



### Improved tracking using GPS to Monitor Teams

Rijiyar Lemo Ward, Fagge LGA, Kano State, July 2012 IPD

Yellow dots = vaccinator tracks (one dot collected every 2 minutes)

Good Coverage

Poor Coverage

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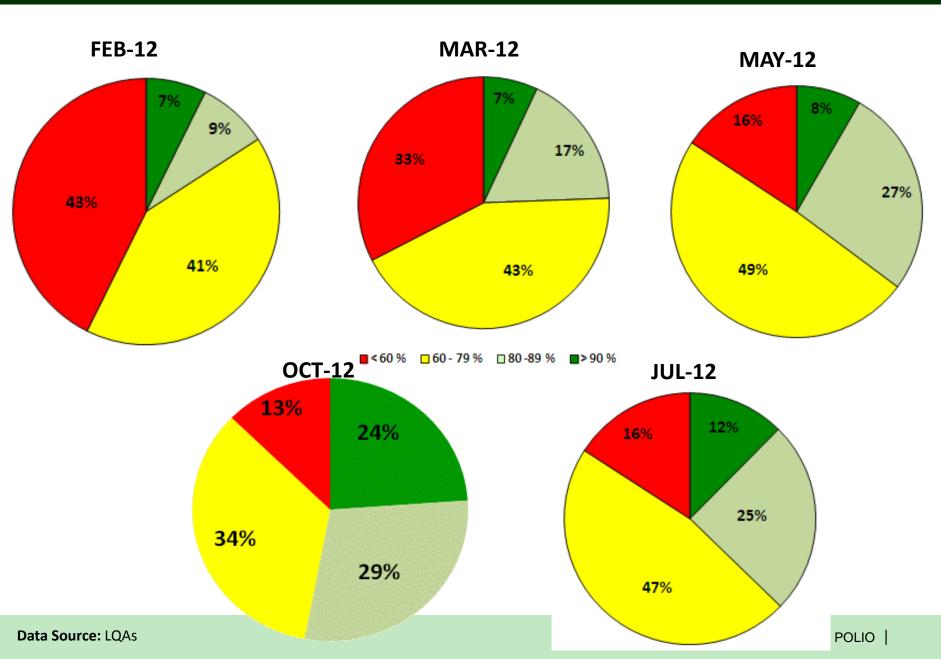
Epidemiology and surveillance

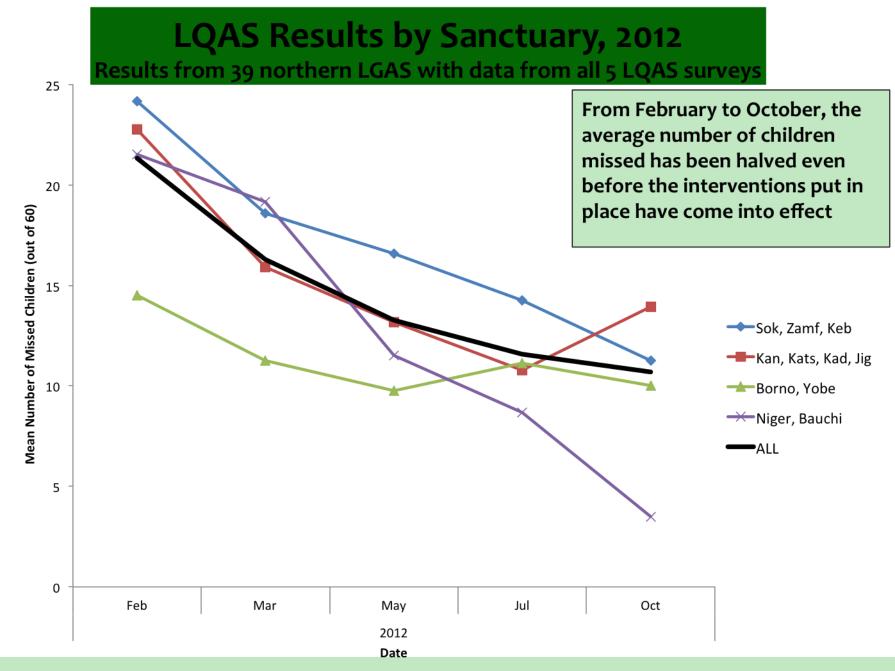
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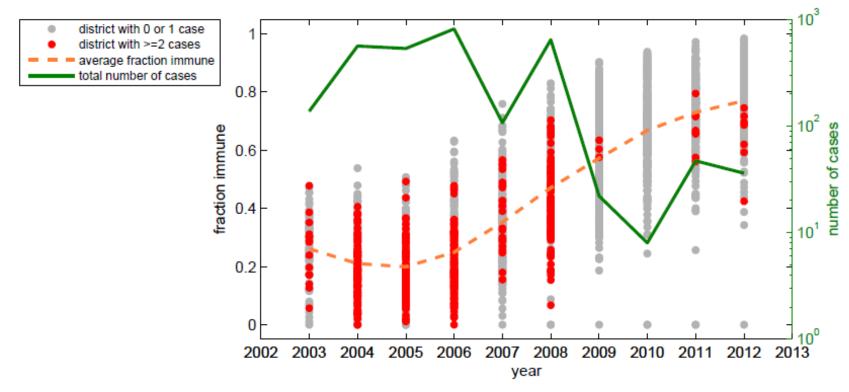
Next steps

#### There has been consistent improvement in LQA Coverage in the 11 High Risk states in 2012



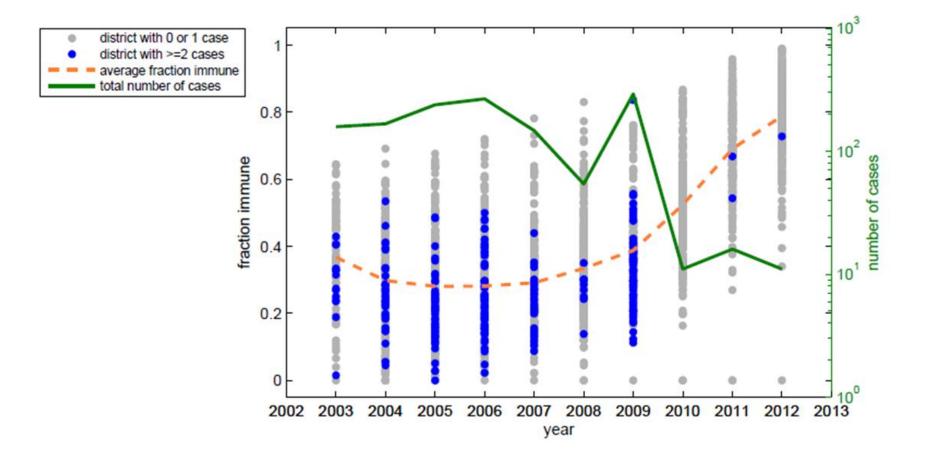


# WPV type 1 population immunity trends, 10<sup>th</sup> percentile worst performing LGAs, northern Nigeria, 2002-2012



Calculated from reported immunity status of non-polio AFP cases The average fraction immune among LGAs is now close to 80% countrywide, compared with about 50% (type 1) or 40% (type 3) in 2008.

# Type 3 population immunity trends, 10<sup>th</sup> percentile worst performing LGAs, northern Nigeria, 2002-2012



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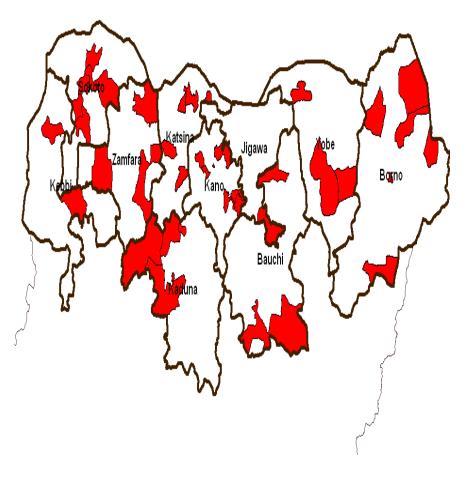
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We have also identified a subset of 45 Vulnerable LGAs with Declining Population Immunity



What we are doing in these LGAs

#### **Presidential Intervention**

 Mr. President's meeting with LGA Chairmen and their state Governors

#### **Human Resource Mobilization**

 Deployment of most competent hands

#### Strengthening Routine Immuniz.

- Implementing 1,2,3 strategy
- Improved logistics (vaccine delivery)
- Community mobilization by TBAs

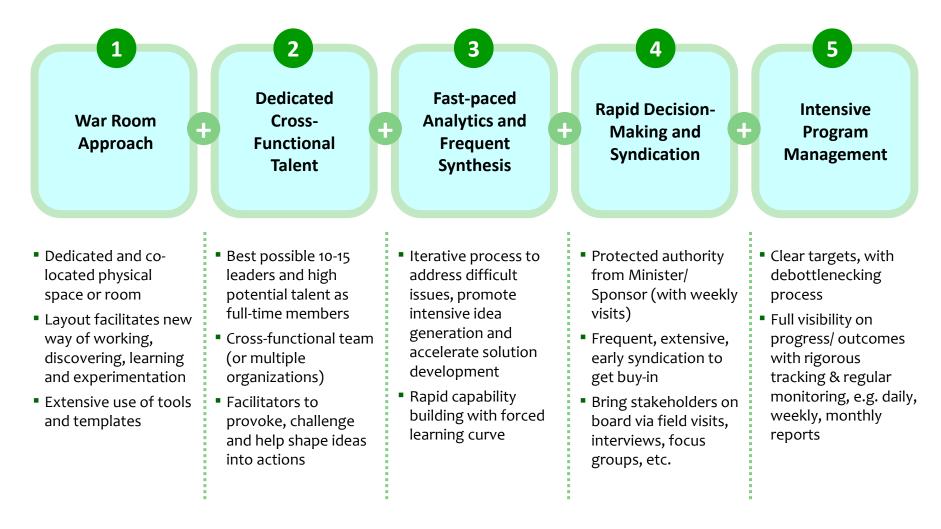
#### **Engagement of Private Sector**

- Private Sector Health Alliance
- Private Health Providers
- Patent Medicine Vendors

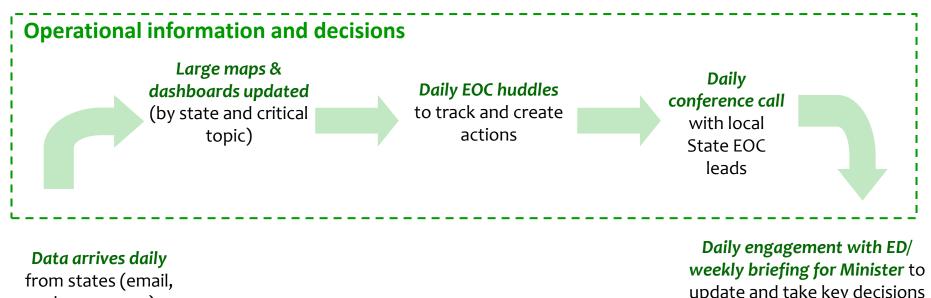
#### **Emergency Operations Centre**

- National EOC
- State EOC

## We have set up an emergency operations center (EOC)



## EOC will have both strategic and operational functions



phone, paper)

update and take key decisions and actions

Tracking and analysis of resources, strategies interventions by **Research** and innovations Unit



Weekly / monthly strategy review meetings to allocate resources and evaluate interventions

**Strategic information and decisions** 

# A performance management mechanism with established reporting routines will enhance oversight

#### **Reports/ Meetings held**

	<b>Daily</b>	Sit report to ED, twice weekly meeting
Increasing meeting frequency	Weekly	Update with Minister of State
	Monthly	Report to Presidential Task Force
	Semi-annually	Report / review by IMB, ERC

#### Goals

- Progressive improvement in 'Dashboard' indicators
- Reduced number of days/ appropriately sized outbreak response
- Increased number of case investigation reports produced on time
- RI deliverables identified and measured

What additional or new strategies will the IMB recommend for tackling more aggressively the HR and VHR LGAs in order to achieve the PEI goal?

What additional specific recommendations can the IMB proffer regarding the new program coordination and delivery approach?

Are there other gaps in the program that global experience can help address? For example, with security challenged areas? With nomadic populations?

# Thank You