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South Sudan cVDPV2 Outbreak Response

Situation Report #31 25 August, 2015

1.0 Highlights

- 1. The security situation is unpredictable with reports of armed incidences in northern part of Upper Nile, southern part of Central Equatoria and eastern part of Western Equatoria.
- 2. No new case of VDPV was reported this week. A total of three old cases of Vaccinederived Polio Viruses (VDPV) have been reported comprising two cVDPV2 and one VDPV2 yet to be classified, which is also the most recent case notified on 11 June 2015 with the date of onset on 19 April 2015 from Mayom county, Unity State;
- Results of the 27 Contact Samples of the most recent VDPV case in Mayom County, have not been received. The samples were shipped on

10 August 2015 to UVRI.

- 4. Summary of the results of children (0 15years) reached show: 1,363,886 for first Round; 932,620 for Round 2 and 560,110 in Round 3;
- 5. NPAFP rate for the 3-conflict affected states is 1.71/100000 U15yrs and Stool Adequacy rate 89%;
- 6. For the first time, Bentiu and Rubkona towns have been reached with OPV and MCV

2.0 Surveillance Update

1. No new case of VDPV was notified in this reporting week. To date a total of 3VDPVs have been confirmed of which 2 were cVDPV2 from Rubkona and one VDPV2 yet to be classified, from Mayom all in Unity State. The date of onset of the most recent case was 19 April 2015, 11month old male with no history of vaccination from Turach village, Tharganah payam, Mayom County, Unity State.

Investigation of VDPV case Mayom: Preliminary findings from the Assessment conducted in Mayom County from 19 – 20 June 2015 are:



- Index case with zero OPV doses found with residual flaccid paralysis, in an unvaccinated community since December 2013
- Routine immunization service not provided in the 10 functional PHC units recorded in county since December 2013 due to weakened health system, especially disruption of cold chain network
- Scarcity of human resource capacity and social mobilization service at the CHD and health care units
- Recurrent internal displacements due to arm conflict was indicated by the county authorities.

Contact Samples of VDPV case in Mayom: A total of 29 samples of which 2 were follow-up samples of the VDPV case and the rest, 27 contact and community samples are still pending results following shipment to the Uganda Virus Research Institute on 10 August 2015.

2. Status of Surveillance Strengthening Activities: Following the conduct of National ToT on AFP Surveillance for partners held in June 2015, cascading of the training to Field stations of NGOs the will commence in August 2015. Nine Training points have been identified in the three states for the 32 counties. Funds and Training materials available. Planned training points are detailed in Table 1 below

State	Training point	Participating counties	Date of Training	Comment							
Unity	Abiemhnom	Pariang, Mayom and Abiemhnom	TBD in Aug.								
	Leer	Leer, Koch, Mayendit	TBD in Aug.	Insecure							
Upper Nile	Pagak	Maiwut, Ulang, Nasir, Longichuk	TBD in Aug.								
	Malakal	Malakal, Fashoda, Baliet, Akoka, Panyikang,	TBD in Aug	Insecure							
	Renk	Renk, Maban, Melut, Manyo	TBD in Aug								
Jonglei	Bor	Bor South, Duk, Twic East, Pochalla	TBD in Aug								
	Akobo	Nyirol, Uror, Akobo, Ayod	TBD in Aug								
All*	Juba	Pibor, Fangak, Khorfulus, Panyijar, Guit, Rubkona	TBD in Aug								

Table 1: Plan Training of NGOs at Field Stations in the 3-confict states

*counties that cannot join training points within their state due to inaccessibility will be trained in Juba, the National capital.

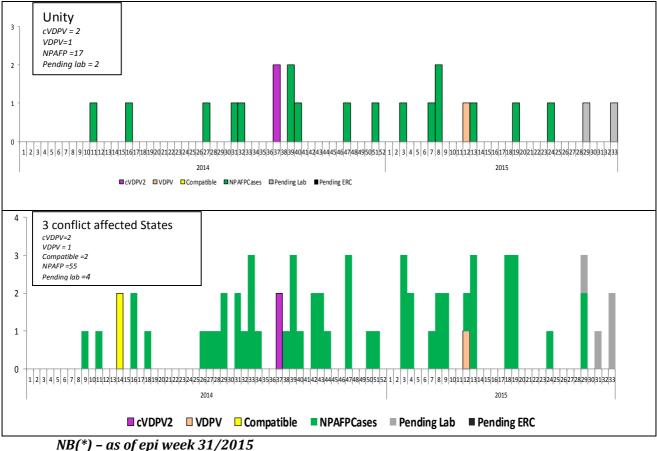
Increasing the number of Field Staff: Training for the 17 new Volunteer Field Supervisors for 6months is being prepared tentatively on 10 – 13 September 2015. The summary the status field officer gap in the 3-states is as shown in Tables 2

Table 2: Situation of Field Supervisors and Field Assistants surge in the three conflict affected states as of 30 July 2015

	F	ield Sup	ervisors	;	Field Assistants					
State	Total posts	Filled	In pipeline	Vacant	Total posts	Filled	In pipeline	Vacant		
Upper Nile	12	3	9	0	70	33	26	11		
Unity	9	5	4	0	72	27	45	0		
Jonglei	11	7	4	0	75	43	7	25		
Total	32	15	17	0	217	103	78	36		

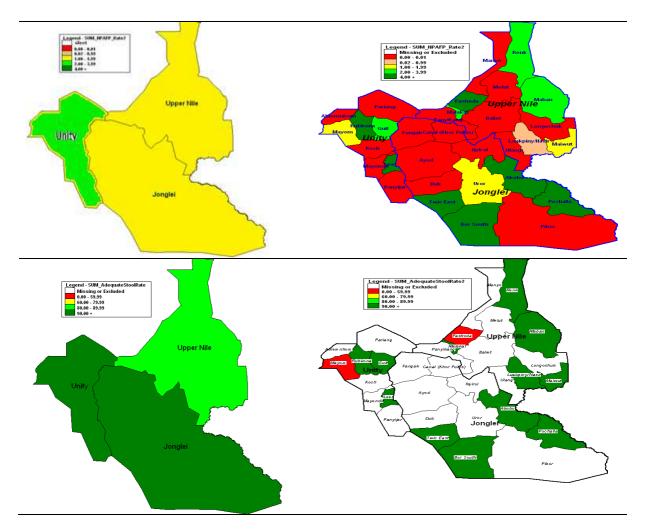
3. In the 3-conflict affected states, there were two Acute Flaccid Paralysis (AFP) cases reported from Panyijar, Unity state and Uror in Jonglei state in epi week 33, 2015. To date a total of 30 AFP cases have been reported for the year 2015 and classified as follows: 23 NPAFP cases, 4 pending lab CLT, 1 VDPV, 0 compatible. The epi curves in Figure 1 below show the classification of the AFP cases by date of onset per epi week, 2014 – 2015

Figure 1: Epi curve - AFP cases by classification status and by Week of Onset/Unity state – versus all 3-Conflict affected States 2014 – 2015*



4. Non Polio Acute Flaccid Paralysis (NPAFP) rate for the three conflict affected states in 2015 is suboptimal (<4/100000 U15yrs for outbreaks) - Jonglei (1.76), Upper Nile (1.41), Unity (2.00) per 100,000 U15years. Stool adequacy for all the 3-conflict affected states were 100% for Jonglei and 88% Unity, and 75% Upper Nile (see Fig 2).</p>

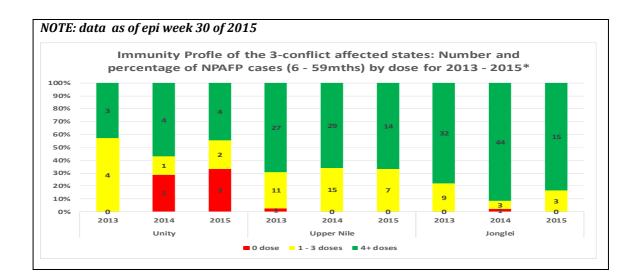
Figure 2: Non Polio AFP Rate and Stool Adequacy Rate per admin levels 1 & 2 for the 3 conflict affected states, South Sudan, as of Epi week 32/2015



5. Analysis of the immunity profile of NPAFP cases (6 – 59mths old) in the three conflict states show wider gaps in Unity state despite improvement in Upper Nile and Jonglei over the past three years (see Figure 3 below)

Fig 3: Immunity Profile of NPAFP (6mth – 15yrs) for 3-conflict affected states (2013 – 2015)

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6. National level: as of epi week 33/2015, the NPAFP rate was 3.93/100,000 U15years, and Stool adequacy, 96%.

Refer to the attached, South Sudan AFP Surveillance Update for epi week 33/2015 for further details

3.0 Summary of Outbreak Response

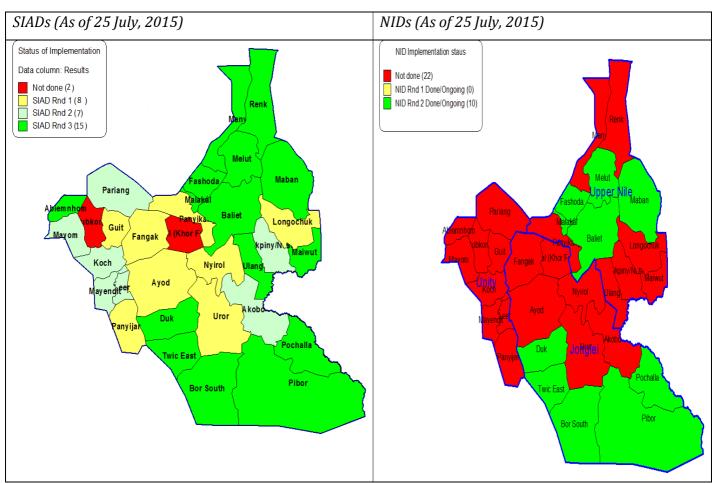
3.1 Results of SIAs in the 3 conflict affected States

There were no changes in summaries of the number of children reached with the SIAs this week. Results of completed rounds in Fangak, and Ayod are expected. Thus, the data summaries out of 32 counties remain 560,110 children (0 – 15yrs) reached with three doses in 15counties, and 177,622 (0 – 59mths) reached with two rounds of NIDs in 10 counties (see Table 3 below). Each round of SIAD target 2,606,995 children (0 – 15years) without discounting over 1.5million displaced population.

Type of SIAs	Target population	Target Age group	Type of Vaccine	No of children reached with tOPV	Total number of counties reached per round out of 32counties (+3PoCs)
SIAD Round 1	2,606,995	0 – 15yrs	tOPV	1,363,886	30 (+3PoCs)
SIAD Round 2	2,606,995	0 – 15yrs	tOPV	932,620	23 (+3PoCs)
SIAD Round 3	2,606,995	0 – 15yrs	tOPV	560,110	15 (+3PoCs)
NID Round 1	1,176,301	0 – 59mths	tOPV	146,539	10 (+3PoCs)
NID Round 2	1,176,301	0 – 59mths	bOPV	177,622	10 (+3 PoC)

Table 3: Summary of the number of children and counties reached with SIAs in the 3conflict affected states

Summary of the total number of counties covered and children (0 – 15years) reached with trivalent Oral Polio Vaccine (tOPV) per round of SIAD is as shown in Figure 4 below. *Figure 4: Status of implementation SIAs (SIADs and NIDs) in the 3-conflict affected states*



Note: Only counties that have completed Round III of SIAD are eligible for NIDs

Detail administrative information is provided for in Table 4 and 5 below. Table 4 provides for data per county for each round of SIAD and Table 5, detail of access of SIAD campaign at the lowest administrative level, payams (sub-district or counties). Counties shaded "red" are identified as unreached for the corresponding round of SIAD.

Table 4: Summary of status of implementation of SIAD

Summary of Implementation of SIAD in 3 confict affected states, South Sudan, Dec 2014 to date									n 3 confict af	fected si	tates	2014	to date	1			
						Round 1			Round 2	2			Round 3				
State	County	total populaiton	target 0-15 children	Partner	Type of	Date of	Adm result	Туре		Adm resul	lts	Type of	Date of	Adm res	ults	Remarks	Revised plan date
*	Ŧ	*	*	*	campaign ~	Implementation	#reached 🖕 🦻	campo v	aign Implementation	# reach 🧅	% 👻	campaign •	Implementation	#reach ᅷ	% -		r
	Bor south	335,363	164,328	SMC	SIAD	3- 6 Dec ,14	75911	46.2 SIAD	29 Dec, 14- 01 Jan, 15	78615	47.8	SIAD	26 - 29 Jan, 2015	83165	50.6	submitted complete data	completed
	Bor (PoC)	2,481	1,216	IRC	SIAD	2 - 5 Dec ,14	1216	100.0 SIAD	29 Dec, 14- 01 Jan, 15	1207	99.3	SIAD	26 - 29 Jan, 2015	1351	111.1	submitted complete data	completed
	Old Fangak	174,893	85,698	СМА	Integ. MCV	18 - 21 Aug 2015		0.0 SIAD			0.0	SIAD			0.0	Awaiting results for R1; Start R2	R2 (1 - 4 Sept 2015)
	Wuror	208,281	102,058	CARE	Integ. MCV	17 - 22 Dec,14	78,544	77.0 SIAD	21 - 24 Aug 2015			SIAD			0.0	Plan for R3	R2 (7 - 10 Sept 2015)
	Ayod	196,224	96,150	Nile Hope	Integ. MCV	24 - 30 April, 15	58164	60.5 SIAD				SIAD			0.0	Haat payam (target pop 11268 not reached); prep for R2	R2 (1 - 4 Sept 2015)
Jonglei	Akobo	218,000	106,820	COSV, MSF-B	Integ. MCV	11 - 15 Feb, 15	125,988	117.9 SIAD	6 - 10 July 2015	164311	153.8					Flight could not land on 10 Aug 2015; rescheduled on 19	AR3 (27 - 30 Aug 2015)
Jongrei	Pibor	160,412	60,128	IMA	SIAD	6- 9 Dec ,14	61012	101.5 SIAD	26-29 Dec,14	16035		SIAD	26 - 29 Jan, 2015	16035	26.7	Partial results; GPAA MoH has retained results	completed
	Khorfulus	35,414	17,353	IMA	Integ. MCV			0.0 SIAD				SIAD			0.0	Flights suspended by UNHAS till further notice	no accesss
	Nyirol	202,000	98,980	MSF-B, CMA	Integ. MCV	24 - 27 March 201	52824	53.4 SIAD	26 - 29 Aug 2015			SIAD			0.0	Funds and vaccines delivered on 24 Aug for R2; Plan R3	R2- (11 - 14 Sept 2015)
	Pochala	51,284	25,129	IMC	SIAD	6- 9 Dec,14	20609	82.0 SIAD	26 - 29 Dec, 14	29830	118.7		26 - 29 Jan, 2015	29792	118.6	submitted complete data	completed
	Twic East	81,019		-	SIAD	6- 9Dec, 14	9759	24.6 SIAD	30 Dec, 14- 02 Jan, 15	13,648		SIAD	26 - 29 Jan, 2015	13,851		submitted complete data	completed
	Duk	64,596	31,652		SIAD	6- 9Dec ,14	3457	10.9 SIAD	30 Dec, 14- 02 Jan, 14	6184		SIAD	26 - 29 Jan, 2015	6653		submitted complete data	completed
	Longochuk	198,563	. ,		SIAD	31-May -3 June 15	76174	78.3 SIAD				SIAD				MoH to decide on request to pay in dollars	R2 (10 - 14 Sept 2015)
	Luakpiny/Nasir	380,460	186,425		SIAD	25 - 28 Feb 2015	115806	62.1 SIAD	13 - 16 June, 2015	163564		Integ. MCV				MoH to decide on request to pay in dollars	R3 (10 - 14 Sept 2015)
	Maban (Refugee camp)	266,438	,	IMC, RI, UNCHR	Integ. MCV	5 - 13 Dec,14	66940	51.3 SIAD	13 - 17 Jan 2015	71097		SIAD	27 30 Jan	73064		submitted complete data	completed
	Maban (Host Community)	58,797	28,811		Integ. MCV	7 - 12 Dec, 14	27342	94.9 SIAD	5 - 8 Jan, 2015	26948		SIAD	3 - 7 March 15	23844		submitted complete data	completed
	Maiwut	197,557	96,803		SIAD	21-24 Dec,14	75339	77.8 Integ.	MCV 19 - 22 April, 2015	22004		SIAD	6 - 9 June 2015	66615	68.8	submitted complete daa	completed
	Ulang	188,585	. , .		SIAD	8 - 12 Feb 15	52138	56.4 Integ.	MCV 19 - 22 April, 2015	33589		SIAD	6 - 9 June 2015	56,901		submitted complete daa	completed
	Baliet	30,453	14,922		Integ. MCV	2 -6 Dec,14	373	2.5 SIAD	22-25 Dec, 2014	359		SIAD	28-31 Jan 15	2853		submitted complete data; high returnees in R3	completed
Upper Nile	Akoka	23,000	10,350		SIAD	9-12 Dec, 14	9232	89.2	26-29 Dec, 2014	15269	147.5		30 Jan-2 Feb 15	13453	130.0	submitted complete data	completed
	Fashoda	59,773	29,289		SIAD	8 - 11 Dec,14	16959	57.9 SIAD	22-25 Dec, 2014	24,653		SIAD	6-9 Jan,15	24,450	83.5	submitted complete data	completed
	Manyo	66,643	32,655		SIAD	16 - 18 Dec,14	13240	40.5 SIAD	5-8 Jan, 2015	7234		SIAD	2-6, March, 15	4494	13.8	High insecurity caused population movement in R3 in M	1a completed
	Panyikang	56,423	27,647		SIAD	10 - 13 Feb, 2015	3818	13.8 Integ.	MCV			SIAD			0.0	Low population due to heavy millitarisation	no accesss
	Malakal	57,000	27,930		SIAD	2 - 5 Dec,14	26546	95.0 SIAD	16-20 Dec, 2014	25869		SIAD	27-30 Jan,15	31329		submitted complete data	completed
	Malakal (PoC)	19,000	9,310	IMA	SIAD	2 - 5 Dec,14	9230	99.1 SIAD	16-20 Dec, 2014	23577	253.2	-	27-30 Jan,15	15122		submitted complete data	completed
	Renk	226,438	110,955	IMA, IOM, IRC	Integ. MCV	6-10 Dec, 14	29135	26.3 SIAD	5 - 7 Feb, 2015	26114		SIAD	4-7 April 2015	27708	25.0	submitted complete data	completed
	Mellut	110,600	54,194	IMA	SIAD	15-18Dec 2014	34879	64.4 SIAD	15-18 Jan 2015	16417		SIAD	25 - 28 Feb, 15	30985		submitted complete data	completed
	Rubkona	319,485	,	-	SIAD			0.0 SIAD				SIAD				Funds sent	Only PoC covered (insec
	Rubkona (Bentiu PoC)	41,933	20,547	CARE	SIAD	13 - 16 Nov, 14	19,498	94.9 SIAD	2 - 5 Dec, 2014	20,993	102.2	SIAD	13 - 16 Jan, 15	28416	138.3	submitted complete data	completed
	Mayom	402,420	197,186	-	SIAD	11 - 13, Feb 15	87202	44.2 SIAD	9 - 12 June 2015	39327		SIAD	21 - 25 Aug 2015			Campaign started on 21 Aug; Plan NID R1	NID R1 (3 - 7 Sept 2015)
	Pariang	191, 198	93,687	-	SIAD	24 - 27, March 15	28496	30.4 SIAD	9 - 12 April 2015	32866		SIAD	21 - 25 Aug 2015			Campaign started on 21 Aug; Plan NID R1	NID R1 (3 - 7 Sept 2015)
Unity	Guit	126,526	61,998		SIAD	16 - 19 Dec,14	-7-	127.1 SIAD				SIAD				ERT to consider IRC to support; militarised	no accesss
onity	Koch	188,886	92,554		Integ. MCV	16 - 19 Dec,14	25,193	27.2 SIAD	28 - 31 March 2015	18583		SIAD				Funds returned, partners evacuated due to insecurity	no accesss
	Panyijar	165,554	81,121	-	SIAD	5 - 8 May 2015	17486	21.6 SIAD				SIAD				Funding to be sent; waiting for vaccines	R2 (1 - 4 Sept 2015)
	Leer	94,034	46,077		SIAD	15 - 19 Dec,14	12,921	28.0 SIAD	28 - 31 March 2015	16248		SIAD			0.0	Funds returned, partners evacuated due to insecurity	no accesss
	Mayendit	83,757	41,041		SIAD	15 - 19 Dec,14	20,112	49.0 SIAD	4-7 April 2015	20827		SIAD	9 - 12 June 2015			awaiting results	completed
	Abiemhnom	76,481	37,476	NPDC/CARE	SIAD	31 - Dec - 3rd Jan	29,532	78.8 SIAD	5 - 9 Feb, 2015	17252		Integ. MCV	9 - 12 June 2015	10029		awaiting results	completed
	TOTAL	5,359,971	2,606,995				1,363,886			932,620	35.8			560,110	21.5		

Кеу	
	not started
	ongoing
	completed
	IDP/Refugee camp

Table 5:

					Unity	/ State				
				Target popn			Pavam Reach	ed per Round of SIA	4	
State	County	Payam	Popn 2015	>15yrs	SIAD R1	SIAD R2	SIAD R3	NID R1	NID R2	Remarks
		*Bentiu PoC			# U15yrs reached 19,498			# U15yrs reached 24917	# U15yrs reached 1987	
		Rubkona	2,303	1,128	19,498	20,993	28416	24917	1987.	Seeking more
		Bentiu Town	13,769	6,747						information from
		Nhialdiu	19,836	9,720						informants among ov 123,0000 influx
		Panhiany	5,170	2,533						population into Benti
	Rubkona	Budaang Norlamwel	9,511 7,407	4,660 3,629						PoC; Plan to conduc
		Ngop	14,130	6,924						Preventive campaign
		Barmalual	1,590	779						(24 - 27 Aug 2015 targeted about 60,00
		Dhorbor	3,354	1,643						children U15years a
		Kaljak	75,478	36,984						Bentiu PoC
ŀ		Wathjak Mayom	8,818 4,137	4,321 2,027	8148					
		Ruathnyibuol	.,	_/=_:	3589	7835				
		Ngop	9,492	4,651	4461	7234				
		Puop	12,449	6,100	4812	7206				-
		Wangbuor wangkei	12,518 54,939	6,134 26,920	9745 10024					Next Round to start of
	Mayom	Kueryiek	9,815	4,809	6475	8479				20 - 23 August 2015
		Bieh	20,327	9,960	7857	8260				
		Mankien	24,344	11,928	12768					-
	1	Riak Wichok	5,327 15,801	2,610	14211					-
	1	Wichok Thargenah	15,801	7,742	14211 13260					+
		Panyijar	2,626	1,287	1004					
		Pachar	9,222	4,519	3997					
		Thohnom	10,730	5,258	3186					-
		Ganyiel Dong	18,613 6,732	9,120 3,299	4158					-
	Panyijar	Mayom	8,444	4,138	3786					-
		Chuok	4,525	2,217	4711					1
		Nyal	2,668	1,307	1836					
		Taip	6,512	3,191	4512					-
		Puolmok Koch	3,470 19,220	1,700 9,418	5676 4499	3096				
		Jaak	15,220	7,488	3364	2841				-
		Ngony	21,852	10,707	7312	3671				
		Pakur	13,650	6,689	2093					_
	Koch	Gany	3,098	1,518	1187 1038	3096				-
		Norbor Boaw	6,208 20,442	3,042 10,016	5700	5073				-
		Bieh	6,733	3,299						data unvailalbe in rep
Unity		Mirmir	6,156	3,016						data unvailalbe in rep
,		Madol/Pabuong	21,375	10,474	743	1848				-
		Mayiendit Tharjiathbor	12,044 19,552	5,901 9,580	1021 5413	1302 6037				-
		Lum	6,977	3,419	1449	0037				-
	Mayiandit		3,157	1,547	988	8641				1
		Dablual	10,397	5,095	4568	2999				_
		Thaker	6,392	3,132	2362					-
		Bor Rubkuach	6,781 4,877	3,323 2,390	2032 1852					-
		Leer	23,152	11,345	3526					
		Payak	13,791	6,757	1180					
		Thornyor	16,271	7,973		4142				
		Adok	4,153 6,897	2,035 3,380	2641 1241					-
	Leer	Pelliny Boow	6,897	3,380	1241 1193					
		Padeah	7,020	3,440	2012	4577				
		Dok	3,421	1,676	4577	1044				
		Yang	3,564	1,746	1068					-
		Joung Kang Guit	4,225 2,901	2,070	1428 2293					
		Kadet	2,901	1,422	897					
		Kuach	2,877	1,410	2625					
		Bill	2,619	1,283	2640					
		Nimni	2,448 2,689	1,200 1,318	2884 3962					-
		Nyathor Guiey	2,689	1,318	2429					-
		Wathnyatna	6,880	3,371	1586					
	L	Manga	23,621	11,574						
		Abiemnhom	2,213	1,085	2892	5841	2593			-
		Manajoga Pangok	1,517 1,179	743 578	6198 3318	3377	4937			-
	biemnhor	Pangok Aworpiny	6,366	3,119	3318		2499			-
	1	Panyang	12,551	6,150	6871					
		Bangbang	9,851	4,827	7157	8034				
		Panrieng	2,121	1,039	6467	572				
	1	Jamjang	19,864	9,733	11328	7325				-
		Alliny/Toor Gumriak	16,783 24,496	8,224 12,003	2206 2060	1221 2177				-
	Panrieng	Awet	16,096	7,887	9221	5880				-
		Yida	13,059	6,399	35427	5680				1
		Biu	10,554	5,172	1807	1959				
	1	Wunkur	14,580	7,144	4526	4262				

Кеу					
Reached					
	Waiting for data				
	Not reached				
	Planned				

3.2 Other Vaccination Opportunities for OPV

✓ Special Vaccination Post

Thirteen of 24 targeted Special Vaccination Sites have started reporting. Completeness of reporting for this week is 23% from in Central Equatoria, Warrap and Eastern Equatoria. A total of 3470 children were reached out of which 2.7% were zero dose as detailed in Table 6 below.

Table 6: Summary of number of children reached from Special Vaccination Sites per states

State	# of sites	Cumulative # (0 – 15years) reached		# (0 - 15yea this v		Total	Completeness
		1dose plus	Zero dose	1dose plus	Zero dose		of reporting
CES	3	883	64	1050	152	2149	66%
EES	4	2224	558	-	-	2782	0.0
Warrap	3	2294	0	-	-	2294	0.0
Lakes	1	686	14	200	73	973	100
Unity	2	9455	1150	-	-	10605	0.0
Total	13	15542	1786	1250	225	27,803	23.0

3.3 Preventive Vaccination in Bentiu PoC, Bentiu and Rubkona Towns

Due to insecurity and hunger, Bentiu PoC is now hosting over 123,000 IDPs from its original population of about 45000. The observed high influx into the PoC is in response to a planned food distribution. Analysis of population influx into Bentiu PoC from Jan – July 2015 show that majority of the population originated from Guit Koch, Leer and Mayendit, counties as well as indigenes of the host county, Rukona, all in Unity State. Moreover, over 15000 people have returned to Bentiu and Rubkona Town outside the PoC (Fig 5 below show the trend of population influx into the PoC).

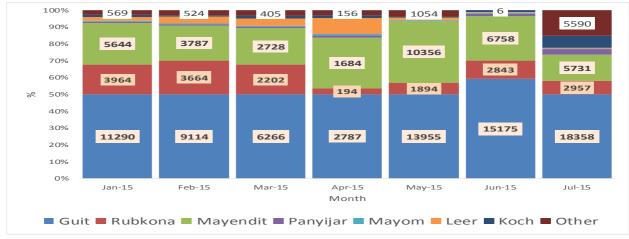
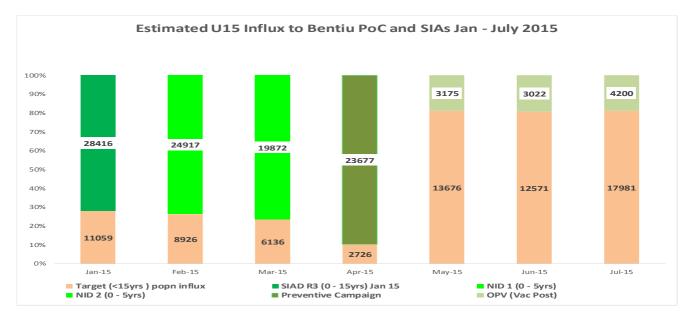


Figure 5: Trends of origin of population influx to Bentiu PoC.

Wider gaps of reaching a higher number of the influx population with OPV since May 2015 have been noticed (see Figure 6 below), and therefore a preventive measles and OPV campaign planned for implementation this week. The campaign is targeting about 60,000 children (0-15years) with tOPV. However, due to logistical challenges and low cold chain storage capacity, the campaign will start in a large scale from 27 August 2015. As a mitigation of the missed opportunity, and taken into account the availability of funds and a balance stock of over 1000vials of tOPV, 30 trained vaccination teams started the campaign in Bentiu and Rubkona towns on 24 August 2015. As of 25 August 2015 (day 1 of 4), 1316 children (0 – 15years) had been reached.

Figure 6: Estimated target (0 – 15years) among influx population to Bentiu vs SIA Jan – July 2015



In addition to the planned campaign, 6 additional Special Vaccination Sites making a total of 8 will be implemented to improve on reaching out to targeted populations (0 - 15years) coming to Bentiu PoC.

Other PoCs/IDP camp:

Malakal: Current biometric registration of the population is ongoing, however an increase has been observed. Due to the recent fragile nature of the security situation, plans to initiate a well structure special vaccination sites were unsuccessful. This notwithstanding one post is in piloting phase and reported of reaching 3220 children (0 – 15years) in the month of July 2015.

Bor PoC: An estimated 2013 people are currently in the PoC with trends of movement out to the national capital, Juba observed. Routine immunisation is ongoing.

Juba 3 PoC: No significant population influx have been observed; routine immunisation is ongoing.

Mingkamang IDP camp: No observed population influx; routine immunisation is ongoing as well as 2 functional special vaccination sites.

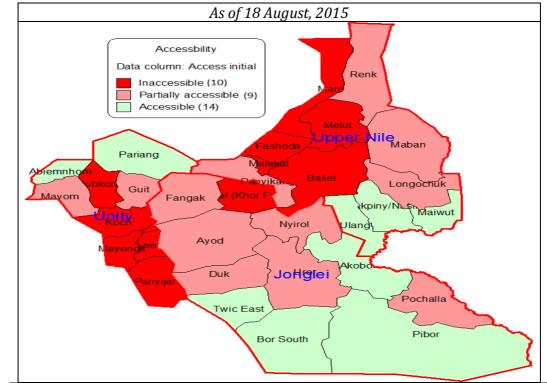
3.4 Summary of Implementation Status of Key Recommendations from 1st Assessment Report

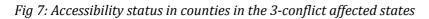
Table 7: Update of key recommendations
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Key item	Status	Comments
Expedite SIAD and	Ongoing	15 of 32 counties reached with three rounds of SIAD.
NID campaigns		10/32 counties completed 2 rounds of NIDs
Improve SIA quality	Ongoing	States are finalizing compilation of populated data of
		villages for the development of microplans. The data will
		also be used to review micro plan for routine
		immunization.
Establish Permanent	Ongoing	13 of 24 targeted have reported with 27,803 children 0 –
Vaccination Post		15 years reached with tOPV.; 6 new vaccination post are
		to be established in Bentiu PoC; and 2 in Malakal PoC.
Improve AFP	Ongoing	Staffing: The inception training of 17 new Field
Surveillance		Supervisors to be conducted in Juba in the 2 nd week of
		September 2015.

3.4 Access:

Despite the extreme fluidity of security situation in the 3-conflict affected states, the inception of the rains have worsened with resultant flooding provides limited access to all all payams in some of the counties. There are therefore challenges in movement of population and partners under the circumstance.





Operational definitions:

✓ Accessible – not likely to be armed conflict

Partial access – not all payams are accessible due to floods and insecurity

✓ Inaccessible – most likely to have armed conflict

Logistical access to the 3 conflict affected states are highly dependent on flights; however with the onset of rains in a predominantly swampy area, majority of airstrips have been reported as not suitable for landing. This is notwithstanding the strips are being monitored through the Field Assistants and other partners to provide suitability for execution of planned SIAs. In addition, for counties that are reached, a mapping of unreached payams will be conducted and prioritized for mop-ups.

3.5 Planned Polio SIAs

This week: Following ongoing campaigns in Fangak, Mayom, Pariang, Uror, and Ayod, preparations for eligible rounds of SIAs are to be made targeting implementation in these locations in the first week of September as shown in Table 9 below. Mawuit, Ulang and Renk that are due for NID Round 1 have not been cleared due new payment demands by the county (Maiwut and Ulang) and insecurity (Renk).

Table 9: Counties planned to reach next week with SIAs

SIA	Counties	Comments
NID Rd 1	Mayom, Pariang, Akobo	Prepare funds, Social Mobilisation and Vaccines for (0 – 59mths) for NID R1 on first week of September
SIAD Rd 2	Old Fangak	Awaiting results for SIAD R1; plan to send vaccines and funds for SIAD R2 on 1 September 2015
SIAD Rd 3	Ayod, Nyirol, Mayom	Prepare funds, Social Mobilisation and Vaccines for (0 – 59mths) for NID R1 on first week of September; 6 payams in Mayom will finish its SIAD rounds.

A summary of the country-wide schedule of SIAs is shown in Table 6 below.

Date	Type of SIA	Area	Target age group	Target Population	Type of vaccine	Comments
20 - 23 Jan 2014	SIAD Rnd 3	3-conflict states	0 - 15yrs	2,606,995	tOPV	15/32 completed
24- 27 Feb 2015	NID Rnd 1	All 10 states	0 - 5yrs	3,343,159	tOPV	Done in 7states + 10 counties
24 - 27 Mar 2015	NID Rnd 2	All 10 states	0 - 5yrs	3,343,159	bOPV	Done in 7 states + 10 counties
3 - 6 Nov 2015	NID Rnd 3	All 10 states	0 - 5yrs	3,343,159	tOPV	
8 - 11 Dec 2015	NID Rnd 4	All 10 states	0 - 5yrs	3,343,159	bOPV	

Table 10: Summary of Planned SIAs for South Sudan for 2015.

NB: There are 10 states in South Sudan. The 3-conflict affected states are Unity, Upper Nile and Jonglei. The other 7 (safe states) are: Central Equatoria, Eastern Equatoria, Western Equatoria, Lakes, Warrap, Nothern Bahr El Ghazal, and Western Bahr El Ghazal.

Advocacy, Communication and Social Mobilization

Communication and Social Mobilisation activities were well integrated in the ongoing campaigns in Fangak, Uror Ayod, Nyirol and Akobo in northern Jonglei state. 150 social mobilizers conducted house to house social mobilization using communication intervention channels of community meetings, megaphones announcement, church/mosques announcement to reach communities with Polio messages. 2500 IEC materials including posters, banners-shirts have been distributed to Akobo, Nyrol, Ayod, and Fangak and display strategic locations including road junctions, schools, churches, markets and other prominent areas.

In Mayom in Unity State, Influencers / block leaders orientation was organised for 61 block leaders to remind them of their role to motivate parents and guardians to regularly immunization their children against polio. Following this discussions, 5 sectors have been designated to 5 people who are now doing street announcements, informing mothers to take their children for vaccination in health facilities. A good number of mothers have been seen in the course of the week taking their children for vaccination in the health centres.

The community volunteers continued educating parents and guardians in the house holds about the importance of immunization against polio and other vaccine preventable diseases. 4396 households were reached with the messaging.

4.0 Vaccine, Cold Chain and Logistics

				In pipe line
Туре	Date	Balance as of 25thh May	Dispatched	
tOPV	12-05-15	4,886,020	-	-
bOPV	12-05-15	1,650,600	-	-

- Dispatched vaccines Nyiro, Akobo and Uror
- Preparing to send freezers and vaccines to Bentiu Poc before 27 August 2015

5.0 Human Resource Surge

1. WHO: Operations Officer at post for the past 3months; contract renewal being considered.

6.0 Challenges

- 1. Uncertainties about the extent of insecurity in accessing all locations within counties
- 2. Heavy rains affecting logistics distribution
- 3. Administrative bureaucracies delaying the release of funds when a window of safety avails for the implementation of the campaign.
- 4. Delayed security clearance for flights, and communication constraints with teams in the field on delivery times for flights due to lack of reliable network and contacts of field staff.
- 5. Shortage of cold boxes to transport frozen icepacks since backhauling not taking place in coordination with vaccine delivery; coupled with lack of freezing capacities in some counties.
- 6. Inadequate number of staffing at all levels
- 7. Poorly resourced Polio Control Room: Burnt Office not refurbished over 15months

Implementing partners in the counties





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